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THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

First bale of new N. C. cotton received at Morven, sold at 6½c per pound. —— M. Labori, one of the counsel for Dreyfus, shot from ambush on his way to the court; his condition is critical. —— The yellow fever situation continues to improve. —— Tarboro won the game of baseball from Union, S. C. —— U. S. cruiser Olympia with Admiral Dewey has arrived at Leghorn. —— The storm reached Charleston yesterday; wind forty miles an hour and raining heavily. —— There is every indication that another call for volunteers will be issued. —— Twenty-three deaths from the bubonic plague at Hong Kong. —— All the cigar factories at Key West have resumed work. —— New York markets: Money on call easier at 2½@3 per cent., last loan being at 3 per cent.; cotton quiet; middling uplands 6¾c.; flour fairly active, firm and higher; wheat—spot strong; No. 2 red 78½c.; corn—spot steady; No. 2, 38½c.; rosin steady; spirits turpentine firm at 51½@52.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., August 14.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 82 degrees, 8 P. M., 81 degrees; maximum, 86 degrees; minimum, 74 degrees; mean, 80 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .11; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 2.76 inches.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 3.7 feet.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Heavy showers are reported during the twenty-four hours ended at 8 A. M. yesterday in the Arkansas and lower Mississippi valley districts and lighter showers elsewhere. It was somewhat cooler yesterday in the Mississippi valley.

STORM MOVING NORTH.

The following message was received last night from Washington, D. C.:

"To Observer, Wilmington, N. C.—The storm is central near the Georgia coast, moving north with somewhat increased energy. High northerly winds Tuesday, probably reaching Southern New England by Tuesday night."

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—For North Carolina—Rain and cooler Tuesday; Wednesday, rain; high north winds.

Port Almanac---August 15.

Sun Rises	5.21 A. M.
Sun Sets	6.47 P. M.
Day's Length	13 H. 26 M.
High Water at Southport	1.22 A. M.
High Water, Wilmington	4.52 A. M.

An Ohio woman wants a divorce because her husband "smiles" too much in her presence. His smiles average about four fingers.

One of the banners carried in the Alger parade in Detroit bore the device "Only One Alger." How fortunate for the country there is only one.

It is said that under the British law W. W. Astor can never become a British peer. But there is no law to prevent him from continuing to be a peerless ass.

They had some pretty good ship builders in those days, too. A Jewish writer suggests that no amateur could have built Noah's ship, which was 600 feet long, 100 feet broad and a three decker.

It is an ill wind that blows good to no one. Competition among the tombstone men of Flushing, L. I., has put tombstones down about one third. The thrifty can now lay in an assortment of tombstones.

The reports of the Labor Bureau show that in the thirteen years from 1881 to 1894 strikes cost labor $163,000,000, to which is to be added $10,000,000 paid to support strikers while idle, making a total of $173,000,000.

The first white settler in Pierce county, Wis., liked it so well that he still holds on, at the age of something over a hundred years. His wife stuck to him and together they cultivate their little farm of thirty acres, and don't bother with help.

It is said that the Boers can furnish 17,000 warriors in the field, and that there are no better soldiers or marksmen in the world. They have splendidly equipped artillery. John Bull can down them in the long run, but in the meantime if a racket begins they may make it lively and interesting for him.

France is not the only country where there is a military prejudice against Hebrews. Sigmund S. Albert, of Lancaster, Pa., a cadet at West Point, recently resigned and the reason assigned is that he could not bear the annoyance and petty persecution on account of his race. It is said that a number of other Hebrew cadets have had the same experience and have had to do likewise.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

N. F. Parker—Furniture.
Seacoast Road—Schedule.
Masonic—Meeting Wil. Lodge.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Wanted—Two young men.
For Rent—Desirable residence.

LOCAL DOTS.

— License was issued yesterday for the marriage of Miss Margaret E. Price to Mr. Walter M. Bell, both of this city.

— Four unimportant cases were disposed of in the Mayor's court yesterday morning. The charges for the most part were drunkenness and disorderly conduct.

— About 350 negroes and from 50 to 75 white persons left on Knight's colored excursion for Norfolk at 1 o'clock this morning. They will return Thursday.

— The Clyde steamer *New York*, Capt. A. D. Ingram, arrived Sunday morning. She has a net tonnage 2,111 and is decidedly the most handsome boat that has visited this port in several years.

— The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Smith died Sunday morning. The funeral was from the residence, 620 South Second street, yesterday afternoon, conducted by Rev. J. W. King.

— Work was resumed yesterday by Contractor Howe on the government wharf near the foot of Princess street. All the debris has been cleared away and the work of rebuilding will be commenced in a few days.

— David Neal, colored, who works about the store of Mr. Rose mann, on Market street, was committed to jail yesterday to await trial before Justice McGowan this morning, for larceny of several pair of shoes from Mr. Rosemann's store.

— Celestia Boney, colored, was committed to jail by Justice Fowler yesterday for the larceny of a pair of shoes from Keziah Hankins, also colored. John Phillips, colored, was fined $5 and costs for assault and battery and disorderly conduct.

— Justice W. W. Harriss yesterday tried Peyton Williams, colored, on a warrant charging him with the larceny of a quantity of deer tongue weed from the farm of Mr. W. O. Johnson, in Pender county. Williams was sent to jail in default of $50 bond for his appearance at Criminal Court.

— Rev. A. T. Graham, pastor of Davidson College Presbyterian church, preached at both morning and evening services at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church Sunday, in the absence of Rev. A. D. McClure, who is at present spending several days at his old home in Tennessee. Mr. McClure is expected to return about August 25th.

— The cases of Peter Bryant and Fred Hill, both colored, charged with doing scavenger work in the city without license, will be called in the municipal court this morning. They claim that the work was done under a contract existing before the enactment of the new law in this particular, and therefore they cannot legally be punished. It raises a difficult point in law.

— A number of small boys were arraigned in the police court yesterday afternoon charged with defacing the doors of a store house, corner Ninth and Market streets, owned by Mr. J. A. Montgomery and occupied by Mr. S. J. Sneeden. It was the old story of "the boy with the jack-knife," and the Mayor, after ordering all damage repaired, dismissed the boys with a timely warning to keep out of mischief in the future.

Constitution Breaking Down.

Theodore Darkely, the Greek, detained in the county jail here as a witness in the counterfeiting cases to come up at the October term of the Federal court, had a slight hemorrhage in the outer corridor of the prison yesterday and has since been confined to his bed with sickness. Several attempts have been made by his counsel, Brooke G. Empie, Esq., and Sheriff Walter G. MacRae, to secure for him some extra privileges in the way of giving him some out-door exercise with the proper precautionary measures, but thus far efforts in this direction have been in vain. In response to an inquiry written several days ago, Sheriff MacRae yesterday received a letter from United States Marshal H. C. Dockery saying that the marshal had no right to grant such privileges as were asked for and that he knew of no one who had such authority except the Judge of the district. It is understood that Judge Purnell will be interceded with in Darkely's behalf. Dr. F. H. Russell is attending the sick man during his present illness.

A SAFE RULE.

[*Goldsboro Argus.*]

We publish in this issue an elaborate disquisition upon the relative merits of the square "standard" bale of cotton and the newly proposed and much advocated roundlap bale. Behind the latter is said to be the strongest "trust" in the world. It is a safe rule for the farmer to adopt, that he foster nothing that is promoted by a trust. Hence the standard square bale—that any ordinary farmer can prepare for market with little ingenuity—aside from its superior merit, from a commercial standpoint, should be still the bale of the farmer, and they will be wise to favor no other.

Read the advertisement of the East Carolina Real Estate Agency in this issue of the STAR. It offers for sale some very valuable farms. †

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. L. D. Cherry came over from Long Creek yesterday.

— Mr. S. J. Smith, of Raynham, N. C., spent Sunday at the beach.

— Messrs. J. T. and F. M. Foy, of Scott's Hill, were here yesterday.

— Mr. T. L. Leonard, of Kelly's, was among yesterday's arrivals in the city.

— Mr. R. D. Smith, of Jessups, was a passenger on the *Driver* yesterday.

— Mr. D. W. Wells, of Cronly, made business calls in the city yesterday.

— Mr. A. M. King, of Sloop Point, was making business calls here yesterday.

— Miss Belle Alderman, of Fayetteville, is in the city, the guest of Miss Lula Hart.

— Mr. Walter L. Cohoon, of the Raleigh *Post*, is in the city, in the interest of that paper.

— Mrs. W. R. Rutland left yesterday for a visit of several weeks to Lincolnton, N. C.

— Mr. G. N. Leonard, of Shallotte, Brunswick county, was here yesterday on a business trip.

— Mr. J. A. Bell, of Little River, S. C., is in the city, making purchases of the wholesale merchants.

— Editor E. M. Koonce, of the Jacksonville *Times*, was here yesterday on business connected with his paper.

— Messrs. J. C. Adams and C. N. Blue, of Aberdeen, N. C, spent Sunday at the beach, returning to their homes yesterday.

— Hon. Jno. D. Bellamy and Geo. L. Peschau, Esq, left yesterday for Whiteville to attend the Columbus court in session this week.

— Mrs. Thomas E. Skipper, of Brooklyn, N. Y., is in the city, the guest of her father-in-law, Mr. Ira Skipper, No. 312 Campbell street.

— Mr. and Mrs. Will L. Miller and son, of Memphis, Tenn., will return to the city to-day after a month's very pleasant stay at Wrightsville Beach.

— Capt. Robt. Robbins spent Sunday in the city with his family and returned to Newbern yesterday, where he is superintending some government work.

— Mr. R. P. Paddison, secretary of the Moore's Creek Monumental Association, is in the city. He says there is every indication that a tremendous crowd will attend the celebration Thursday.

— Miss Gertrude Hazel Herring, Charlotte's "smallest, smartest stenographer," who has been in the city the past several days, the guest of Miss Mattie Harriss, will return to her home to-day, much to the regret of many friends.

— Miss Gertrude Herring, Miss Mattie Harriss and Miss Bertha Dudley, who have been honored guests at Camp Kenan, Carolina Beach, have returned to the city after a pleasant stay in camp with Col. Taylor's Boys' Brigade.

— Mr. M. H. Curran will leave this morning on board the steamship *New York* for New York city and Saratoga Springs. While in New York he will make purchases for the Fall trade at his up-to-date tailoring establishment on Princess street.

— Miss Mabel Irwin, an attractive and popular young lady from Charlotte, who is spending the Summer on Carolina Beach, spent the past few days in the city, the guest of Miss Mary Schenk Whitaker. They both returned to the beach yesterday.

— Mr. Geo. F. Alexander, president and general manager of the United Lumber Company of Springfield, Mass., is spending several days in the city. He is making a tour of the South, buying timber and placing contracts for the season. He is a guest at The Orton.

— Mr. J. F. Newsom will leave the city for Norfolk Friday, and Mr. Calvin Meuller, of Alabama, who has already arrived in the city, will succeed him as assistant observer in the Wilmington office of the Weather Bureau. As previously announced, Mr. Newsom goes to Norfolk to assume duties similar to those he so well performed here.

Criminal Court Convicts.

Two penitentiary convicts sentenced during the recent term of the Criminal Court were carried to Raleigh yesterday by Jailer Millis and Deputy Sheriff Terry. They were both negroes; Jno. Perry, sentenced to life imprisonment for burglary, and W. H. Boyette, given ten years for larceny and receiving stolen goods. Superintendent Chadwick, of the county work house, also receipted the sheriff for fourteen convicts yesterday, all negroes. A number of these are to be taken from the work house and put on the chain gang, which a STAR reporter was told yesterday will be established within a month.

Arrived Saturday.

Col. K. M. Murchison, Mrs. Murchison, Miss Murchison and Mr. K. M. Murchison, Jr., arrived in New York Saturday on board the steamship *St. Paul*, having spent the past two months or longer abroad, much of the time in Paris. Mr. K. M. Murchison, Jr., has just graduated from the Parisian School of Fine Arts. Col. Murchison and family will spend the remainder of this season at Narragansett Pier, R. I.

MADE OUT NO CASE.

Oliver H. Dockery's Counsel to Make Motion to Re-open the Case.

FOR ADDITIONAL TESTIMONY

In Dockery vs. Bellamy Contest—They Want Congress to Send Committee to Investigate—Contestant's Brief and Motion Received.

It seems that O. H. Dockery and his counsel are at last beginning to realize how very weak their case in contesting the right of Hon. John D. Bellamy to a seat in the Fifty-sixth Congress is. In fact that they have totally failed to make out their case, despite all their recent "much ado" about deposition taking in the various counties of the district.

That they realize the weakness of their position is evidenced by the fact that they give notice that they will make a motion to reopen the case, and for Congress to send a committee into the district to take additional testimony.

The announcement of this intention is made in the "Contestant's brief of facts and authorities, and also his motion to reopen the case and for Congress to take additional testimony," copies of which were received in printed form by the contestee, Hon. Jno. D. Bellamy, yesterday. A concluding feature of this voluminous document is the following:

Motion to Reopened Court.

In conclusion contestant asks that this congress will reopen this case and take up the investigation of these unparalled political crimes where he has been forced to leave it, and through its committee bring out and show the House the whole of the great inequity called the election of 1898 that it may judge whether contestee can honorably claim to have been elected by the people of the Sixth Congressional District to a seat in the 56th Congress the United States from North Carolina.

In support of the motion for a new trial contestant's counsel give affidavits of the negro W. E. Henderson, who swears that he came to Raleigh to testify and was forced to flee from the city to escape bodily harm, and that of Claudius Dockery, Esq, who makes oath that many prominent citizens, Republicans and Populists throughout the district, are afraid to testify to the real conditions which existed. The "Brief of Facts" (?) gives the direct testimony of many of the witnesses, omitting in each instance, however, the cross examination, which explained away every seeming advantage which was gained by cotestant. With this distorted evidence the claim is made that "Enough has been shown to acquaint Congress with the damnatory facts and put it upon its notice and inquiry."

Hon. John D. Bellamy said yesterday that he sincerely hopes that Congress will send a committee here to investigate. That it would very greatly accrue to his (Bellamy's) advantage.

A Sample Fabrication.

A rediculous feature of the brief and one which is a fair sample of the outrageous misrepresentations with which the document teams, is the following reference to conditions in Wilmington and New Hanover county, to wit:

New Hanover county was the storm centre of the great cyclone of fraud, violence and political outrage, by which the white Democrats of North Carolina, being in constantly increasing minority, wrested the government of State, county, city and township from the hands of its lawfully elected officers, and intimidated, stamped out, killed and ran off or permanently disfranchised the rapidly increasing majority of Republicans and Populists, white and black, and the city of Wilmington was *par excellence* the home and seat of the chief originators of the conspiracy. The revolutionary methods reorted to throughout the State were conceived and perfected there, and the arms and ammunition for the whole district were furnished from there. Contestant regrets the disinclination of his intimidated witnesses to tell all they know, and the impossibility to secure testimony of others, who had they dared, would have testified to crimes and outrages purely political in their nature which would appall the members of the committee and Congress by their heinousness and brutality, and have vividly recalled to mind the scenes enacted in the streets of Paris in 1792 by the blood crazy mobs of those awful days, when "in the name of virtue, terror was irrevocably the order of the day."

Contestant will as far as possible lift the veil which contestee and his adherents and co-conspirators have hastened to draw over those shocking scenes where freedom of thought, opinion and speech were foully murdered and the rights of American freeborn citizens were trampled in the filth and dirt of the political mud of Wilmington, during the months immediately preceding the days immediately following Nov. 8th, 1898; and we will do so in order that Congress may determine whether any man claiming election by these revolutionary and outrageous methods can slink into a seat in that body with the blood of the victims upon his hands unheeded and unquestioned.

Contestant will, after a brief glance at the evidence in the record from this county, refer to the part borne by one A. M. Waddell, the *Danton* of this recent attack upon American institutions as affecting the Congressional elections.

Arrested For Arson.

Mary J. Graham, colored, was arrested here yesterday by Deputy Sheriff Spalding, of Columbus county, on a warrant charging her with arson. The specific charge is burning an outhouse near Council's Station, and she was taken to the Columbus jail at Whiteville yesterday afternoon, where she will be held to answer the charge at the next term of the Criminal Court. Deputy Spalding was assisted in making the arrest by Deputy Sheriff Flynn.

NORTH CAROLINA WILL RETAIN THE HORNET.

So Says Capt. George L. Morton, of the N. C. Naval Battalion—Maryland's Boat Too Small.

Capt. Geo. L. Morton, of the North Carolina Naval Battalion, returned to the city yesterday after an absence of more than a week. He was asked by a member of the STAR staff about the statement in the Baltimore *Sun*, republished in a recent issue of the STAR to the effect that the converted cruiser *Hornet*, now assigned to this port for the use of the North Carolina Naval militia would soon be transferred to Baltimore for the use of the Maryland militia. Captain Morton replied that there was not the least foundation in fact for the report; that North Carolina would certainly retain the *Hornet* and Maryland would have to look elsewhere for a vessel if they change or get an additional boat. He added that the officers of the Maryland militia selected the *Sylvia*, their present boat, about the same time he chose the *Hornet* for Wilmington, and both were taken from the Norfolk navy yard about the same time. Maryland, he says, made the mistake of selecting too small a vessel, and now they are trying to get a larger one. Some of the North Carolina Reserves, Captain Morton says, remarked when they passed the vessel assigned to Maryland on leaving Norfolk when they were bringing the *Hornet* here, that Maryland's vessel could be placed on the deck of the *Hornet*, it being so small. The Maryland Reserves evidently fell in love with North Carolina's boat at that time, and now they want to get her.

SPECIFICATIONS FOR THE COUNTY FENCE.

Will be Adopted To-day and Bids for Construction Advertised for—Committee Met Yesterday.

There was to have been a meeting of the County Commissioners yesterday afternoon to take final action regarding the plans and specifications for the construction of the county fence made necessary by the recently enacted "no fence law." However, the meeting was deferred until to-morrow afternoon at 2.30 o'clock.

The special committee, consisting of Commissioners D. McEachern, W. F. Alexander and John Barry, to whom has been delegated the task of recommending plans and specifications for the fence, met yesterday morning and prepared a report, which will be presented to the Board to-day.

Col. Moore, in speaking of the construction of the fence, said yesterday that it would be necessary to have it completed not later than December 1st, as the new law goes into effect December 15th.

The commissioners will most probably advertise for bids within a few days for the fence, complete and erected; also for the fence and iron posts delivered at the depot entire at Castle Hayne or Scott's Hill, and for bids for taking the material to either place and erecting the fence.

Bids will also doubtless be asked for making five gates nine feet wide, with hinges and fastenings.

However, these matters, together with the specifications in detail for the fence, material and the manner of putting it together, will be determined upon by the commissioners to-day.

BOYS' BRIGADE ENCAMPMENT.

Notes From the Camp Sent by the Star's Regular Correspondent.

CAMP KENAN, CAROLINA BEACH, August 13.—To-day (Sunday) all orders were suspended except guard mount in the morning and dress parade in the afternoon. We have dress parade each afternoon at 5:30 for the benefit of visitors who come down on the 3 o'clock boat.

Yesterday we had target practice at 100 yards range, each member having three shots. Capt. Laughlin and Sergeant Price were the winners, their scores being eight each. Parker came next with a score of seven.

Many visitors came down to day to visit the camp, among them being Miss Gertrude Herring, of Charlotte; Miss Mattie Harriss and Miss Bertha Dudley, of Wilmington; these spent the afternoon of Saturday and a good portion of Sunday. They left for home this evening, much to our regret.

The detail for to-day is as follows: Officer of the day, First Lieutenant Hall; sergeant of the guard, Sergeant Laughlin; corporal of the guard, Private Ramsey. Countersign for to-night "Philippine."

We beg to thank Mr. H. C. McQueen for his kindness in sending us a crate of apples. Our countersign Saturday night was "McQueen," in token of our appreciation.

Our mascot went in bathing to day, but stayed too long and had to walk guard for half an hour.

There has been but one in the guard house so far, and he preferred cleaning up the camp grounds; so he was released.

There has been no sickness, and every one is having a good time generally. C. E. B.

From Pike's Peak.

A telegram was received in this city yesterday, in which Franklin McNeill, Esq., North Carolina Railroad Commissioner, and Mrs. McNeill, greeted their friends in Wilmington from the summit of Pike's Peak, Colorado. They are taking a combination business and pleasure trip through the West.

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency has excellent facilities for selling farms and timbered lands. It advertises all property and makes only a nominal charge unless a sale is made. For terms etc., address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C. †

SPIRITS STILL ADVANCING.

Sales On the Wharf Yesterday Afternoon at 48 and 48½ Cents—Condition of the Market.

Another advance in price of spirits turpentine was a feature in the day's business in naval stores on the local market yesterday. There were no sales in the morning as buyers only offered 47½@48, cents but near the closing yesterday afternoon purchasers became more eager and one-half cent advance was realized.

Speaking of the almost phenomenal rise in prices during the past several weeks the Savannah *News* of Sunday says:

"The situation in the naval store, market still continues abnormal. The price of spirits yesterday was 48 cents bid, with a strong demand for export and very little stuff sold. As previously explained the situation is due to the large amount of contracts sold and the shortage in the crop due to the February freeze. The prediction that spirits will go to 50 cents before the end of the month is still freely made.

The receipts of both spirits and rosin are considerably behind last year with little indication that the loss will be made up, and hence the buyers have little to hope for in the way of reduced prices. As they are getting the most of their stuff on contract, however, they have nothing to complain of. The situation presents the remarkable anomaly of unusually high prices prevailing with nobody making any large profits. The producers sold last spring at prices from 15 to 19 cents below the present market quotations. The factors, acting for the producers, sold to the exporters, who in turn sold to their customers abroad and these sold to the manufacturers of paints, varnishes and other products in which turpentine is used. All transactions were based upon the then prevailing prices, hence very few are deriving any benefit from the present high prices. The speculators would have had a snap, but nobody seems to have anticipated the present condition of things. The few producers who did not sell contracts or who only sold a small percentage of their output are getting some benefit out of the situation.

BASE BALL YESTERDAY AFTERNOON.

Lively Game On Dock Street by Some of the Younger Enthusiasts.

A lively game of ball was pulled off at the diamond on the vacant lot corner Third and Dock streets yesterday afternoon. The contesting teams, composed of some of Wilmington's younger ball enthusiasts, style themselves the Dock streeters and the Chesnut streeters. The score yesterday afternoon was 17 to 13 in favor of the Chesnut streeters.

The personnel of the teams and positions were as follows:

C. S.		D. C.
Taylor	c	A. Wessell,
Crow	p	L. Orrell,
Woodcock	1 b	N. Orrell,
Duffy	2 b	McKoy
Rielly	3 b	Wescott
LeGrand	s s	Meier
Frank	l f	L. Wessell,
Piner	r f	Belden
Roseman	c f	James

Umpire—Rielly and Galloway.

Features of the game were the all round playing of Taylor and Crow and the batting of LeGrand for the Chesnut streeters and the work of Wescott for the opposing team.

GOV. RUSSELL NOT INVITED

To Deliver the Address at Moore's Creek Battle Ground Thursday.

Mr. R. P. Paddison, secretary of the Moore's Creek Monumental Association, writes the STAR that Governor Russell will not deliver the address on the occasion of the big celebration Thursday of this week. He says the committee invited the governors of the thirteen original States to attend, Gov. Russell receiving the same invitation the others did, and that he and the others have declined to attend. Russell was never invited to deliver the address. Major Stedman has notified the committee that it will be impossible for him to attend and participate in the celebration as the orator of the day and Hon. C. B. Aycock will most probably deliver the oration.

The celebration will certainly be a most enjoyable one, and a cordial invitation is extended to the people of Wilmington to attend.

Inspector Rice Here.

Mr. F. B. Rice, who recently succeeded Captain Gannon as inspector of hulls for the Charleston district, embracing Wilmington and Newbern, arrived in the city on board the steamship *New York* yesterday. He will remain in the city for several days and in company with Captain E. E. Groom, boiler inspector for this district, who is expected to arrive from Charleston to day, will on Wednesday inspect the tug *Navassa* and the little river steamer *Croesus*. It was learned yesterday that Mr. Rice would not be required to stand the civil service examination until the early part of October.

NEW CROP COTTON.

First Bale for This Season From Anson County—Sold at Morven.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

MORVEN, N. C., August 14.—The first bale of new cotton for this season was sold here this afternoon at four o'clock by C. D. Thomas, superintendent of T. V. Hardison's plantation, and bought by The Hardison Co. It brought six and a half cents per pound; strict middling; weighed 520 pounds.

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency will sell for cash, or will exchange for desirable house and lot in Wilmington, a farm of 272 acres, three miles from Rose Hill. Address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C. †

AT REST IN OAKDALE.

Impressive Funeral Services Over Remains of the Late Prof. Edward VanLaer Sunday Afternoon.

A large assemblage of friends and sorrowing relatives gathered at the family residence, corner Fourth and Walnut streets, Sunday afternoon at 5.30 o'clock, to attend the funeral of the late Prof. Edward VanLaer, whose death in the Presbyterian Hospital at Philadelphia, was announced in Sunday's STAR.

The services, beautiful, impressive and comforting to the bereaved family, were conducted by Rev. Peyton H. Hoge, D. D., pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, of which the deceased was for many years a faithful member. The musical part of the service was under the direction of Mr. E. H. Munson, a pupil and admirer of the deceased gentleman, and the hymns were beautifully rendered by a choir composed of Miss Mattie Horne, Mrs. E. G. Woody, Mr. H. Schulken and Mr. H. K. Holden. Miss Horne sang with much feeling a funeral selection "I Heard the Voice of Jesus Saying," to music arranged by Prof. VanLaer a short time before his death.

The interment was at Oakdale cemetery and many flowers, emblematic and of pretty designs, were laid upon the grave by friends in token of the great esteem in which he was held.

The pall-bearers were as follows: Honorary—Dr. J. T. Schonwald, Messrs H. H. Munson, W. H. Turlington, J. C. Higgins. Active—J. T. King, H. Schulken, J. H. Rehder, W. D. Sumlin, H. L. Vollers, A. P. Adrian.

TARBORO'S GAME WITH UNION.

South Carolinians Easily Lost to Heavy Hitters of the East.

Tarboro having won for itself the baseball championship of North Carolina in its games with Concord on the latter's diamond and at Charlotte during the past week, she is now on the look-out for "other fields to conquer" and began a series of games with Union, S. C., at Charlotte yesterday afternoon for the championship of the Carolinas.

The following dispatch to the STAR last night gives the result of the first game with her adversaries across the line and it is needless to say it will be read with interest by Wilmington cranks generally:

CHARLOTTE, N. C., August 14.—The first of a series of games for the baseball championship of the Carolinas was won from Union, S. C., today by Tarboro, N. C. The score was 5 to 2. The victorious team scored four in the ninth inning.

THE MOONLIGHT EXCURSION.

On the Steamer Wilmington Will be the Attraction To-night.

People of Wilmington who desire to spend a real pleasant evening are reminded that a splendid opportunity will be afforded them in the moonlight excursion to Carolina Beach which will be given to-night on board the steamer *Wilmington*. The STAR is advised that the excursion will be in a measure a compliment to the First Battalion Boy's Brigade now in camp on Carolina Beach. As announced yesterday there will be music and dancing both on the pavilion and at the Oceanic Hotel. Captain Harper promises every patron of the excursion the very best order and every available means of spending a thoroughly delighful evening.

The last boat will leave the city at 7.30 o'clock returning about midnight.

Tarboro Defeated at Ball.

The Charlotte *Observer* of Sunday, in speaking of the Mountain Island-Tarboro game, which was lost by the Eastern Champions in a score of 8 to 4, gives the following summary and notes of the contest:

The Mountain Island boys were in it from the first. Oldham—the local Spalding—was the first man over the plate. He went to first on an error from second baseman and scored on a throw-down to second baseman. Lambert scored when Fenner sent a ball to visit Luskey, when the latter was not at home.

Tarboro got 9 hits; Mountain Island 7. Errors—Tarboro, 7; Mountain Island, 4. Two-baggers—Lambeth, Mangum. Double plays—Yount to Thompson. Struck out—By Person, 4. Oldham played an errorless game. Tarboro got five hits and one run in one inning and Mountain Island four runs and one hit in one.

Tarboro disbands after the games with Union this week.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—8 casks spirits turpentine, 13 barrels tar, 9 barrels crude turpentine.

W. C. & A. Railroad—16 casks spirits turpentine, 148 barrels rosin, 85 barrels tar, 43 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—55 casks spirits turpentine, 184 barrels rosin, 37 barrels tar.

W. & N. Railroad—10 casks spirits turpentine.

C. C. Railroad—26 casks spirits turpentine, 143 barrels rosin, 26 barrels tar.

Steamer Driver—31 casks spirits turpentine, 67 barrels rosin, 253 barrels tar, 22 barrels crude turpentine.

Schooner Ruth J.—22 casks spirits turpentine, 80 barrels rosin.

Schooner Argyle—24 casks spirits turpentine, 91 barrels rosin.

Total—Spirits turpentine, 192 casks; rosin, 713 barrels; tar, 457 barrels; crude turpentine, 74 barrels.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

ST. JOHN'S HALL, Aug. 15, 1899.

Wilmington Lodge No. 319, A. F. & A. M.

REGULAR MONTHLY COMMUNICATION this (Tuesday) evening at 8 o'clock. Work in F. C. Degree. Visiting brethren welcome.

THOS. F. BAGLEY, Secretary.

ag 15 1t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Get Coupons and Begin Now.
A Useful Household Present
For You!
Look in our Window.

Same place—115 Princess Street.
P. S.—

WE SELL SHOES.

MERCER & EVANS.
aug 6 tf

VOLLERS & HASHAGEN,
PROVISIONS
Wholesale only. Do not sell consumers or farmers.

We are the people. We undersell competition and guarantee satisfaction. Get our prices and save yourself money.

We Sell D. S. Rib Sides.
D. S. Rib Bellies.
D. S. Backs and Butts.
Smoked Bellies.
Smoked Picnic Hams.
Pure Leaf Lard &c.

We are distributors for Powell, Smith & Co.'s celebrated brands of Cigars.

Cuban Blossom Cigars,
Renown Cigars,
Topical Twist Head Cigars,
Santa Bana Cigars.
aug 13 tf

The Murchison National Bank,

With Capital $200,000, furnishes its customers with the best facilities at all times, because in watching their interests it is serving its own.

No philanthropy about it,
It's Business.

Foreign Exchange, Letters of Credit, or anything in the banking line.

H. C. McQUEEN, President.
J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.
jy 27 tf

GERMANIA.

PORTLAND CEMENT,
HOFFMAN ROSINDALE CEMENT,
ANCHOR LINE.

STANDARD BAGGING,
STANDARD TIES.

Virginia Water Ground Meal.

BEST GROCERIES,
BEST PRICES,
BEST TERMS.

THE WORTH CO.
jy 14 tf

WILMINGTON SEACOAST R. R.
ON AND AFTER JUNE 1ST, 1899,

the Schedule of the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will be as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Ocean View.
6.30 A. M.	7.45 A. M.
10.10 A. M.	11.30 A. M.
2.30 P. M.	3.45 P. M.
5.00 P. M.	6.00 P. M.
7.15 P. M.	10.00 P. M.
SUNDAY.	
10.10 A. M.	11.30 A. M.
2.30 P. M.	6.00 P. M.
7.15 P. M.	9.00 P. M.

Every Friday and Saturday night, on account of Club and Hotel dances, the 7.15 P. M train will leave the beach at 11.00 P. M. instead of 10.00.

aug 1 tf R. OSCAR GRANT, Supt.

PEACE INSTITUTE,
RALEIGH, N. C.

One of the best female schools in the South, and the cheapest for advantages given. Send for catalogue.

e 15 tf JAS. DINWIDDIE, M. A.

Carolina Beach and Southport Schedule.

ON AND AFTER JUNE 6TH, BOAT LEAVES FOR CAROLINA BEACH,

6 and 9.15 A. M., 3, 5.15 and 7.30 P. M. Train leaves Beach, 7 A. M.; 1, 3.45, 6 and 8.30 P. M.

No 7.30 P. M. boat from Wilmington and no 8.30 P. M. boat from Beach on Mondays.

Fare to pier and return on 5.15 and 7.30 P. M. boats, 15c.

Leaves Sunday, 10 A. M., 2.30 P. M. and 7.30 P. M. Leaves Beach, 12.30, 6 and 8.30 P. M.

FOR SOUTHPORT,

boat leaves 9.15 and 10.15 A. M., and 3 P. M. Leaves Southport, 6.30 A. M., 12 M., 2.30 P. M.

Freight for Southport received only on 9.15 boat.

je 6 tf J. W. HARPER, Manager.

N. F. PARKER,
Furniture and Furniture Novelties,
No. 17 South Front Street.

THE FINEST, BEST SELECTED, CHEAPEST STOCK IN THE SOUTH.

Special Bargains every week. My prices are spot cash, but to reliable parties I will sell on terms suited to the consumer. aug 1 tf

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.000; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve month, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops Picnics, Society Meetings, Political meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless tney contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death. Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, AUG. 15, 1899

THE TEXTILE INDUSTRY.

We clip the following from the *American Wool and Cotton Reporter*, of Boston, showing the progress made in the establishment of Textile plants for the first six months of this year:

"The first half of the year 1899 has slightly surpassed the last half of 1898 in the number of new and proposed textile enterprises entered into in the United States. Thus the total number of new enterprises launched in the first six months of this year was 116, against 107 in the last half of 1898 and 155 in the last half of 1898. The South continues to lead in new mill construction, and the number of new enterprises compares very favorably with those of any previous year for a long time. The number of new enterprises in the North is considerably greater than that of the last half of 1898, but it is decidedly less than that of the first half of that year. The record of "enlargements and improvements" shows up very favorably as compared with last year. The textile mills of this country are to-day running full, almost without exception, and more new machinery has been ordered during the past six months than for a like period in many years. One result is that the various machine shops are enjoying a period of remarkable prosperity, several of them being overrun with orders so that it is necessary to work a portion of the night to fill them. The Lowell machine shop, for instance, is said to have 1,750 hands employed, the largest number ever at work in that establishment. The following table shows the number of new enterprises in the North and in the South for the last two half years:

	—Six mos. ending— Dec., 1898,	June 30, 1899.
Northern	18	25
Southern	89	91
Total	107	116

The new enterprises of the first half of thus year may be clasified as follows, in comparison with those of the previous half year:

	First half. 1899.	Last half 1898.
Cotton	76	78
Woolen	10	11
Knitting	14	14
Miscellaneus	16	4
Total	116	107

The following table gives in detail the location of the 116 new textile enterprises, together with the class of goods manufactured:

	Woollen.	Cotton.	Knitting.	Misc.
Alabama	..	2	..	1
Connecticut	..	..	1	..
Georgia	..	22	4	..
Louisiana	..	2	..	..
Maine	2	..	..	1
Maryland	..	1	..	..
Massachusetts	..	1	..	3
Mississippi	..	2	..	..
Missouri	..	1	..	..
New Hampshire	1	..	..	..
New Jersey	..	..	..	2
New York	..	1	1	2
North Carolina	1	26	3	3
Pennsylvania	1	..	..	2
Rhode Island	3	1	..	1
South Carolina	..	5	2	..
Tennessee	..	3	1	..
Texas	2	4	..	..
Vermont	..	1	..	..
Virginia	..	4	2	1
Totals	10	76	14	16

"North Carolina, as usual, leads the list, with a total of 33. Georgia comes second with a total of 26. South Carolina and Virginia each show 7. Texas 6, Rhode Island 5, New York 4, Massachusetts 4, Tennessee 4, Alabama 3, Maine 3, Pennsylvania 3, Mississippi 2, New Jersey 2, Louisiana 2, Connecticut 1, Missouri 1, Maryland 1, New Hampshire 1 and Vermont 1."

While this shows that there has been some activity in the North in the erection of cotton mills, it also shows that the center of activity is in the South. The fact that mills continue to be built in the North gives proof that those interested in that business in that section have not abondoned the hope that they can maintain themselves, while compelled to recognize the fact that they will have to yield supremacy to the more favorably situated South. They have been encouraged, no doubt, by the turn in the tide and the lifting of the promise from the cotton mills, for they have paid within the past year respectable dividends; much larger, doubtless, than their stockholders looked for some time ago, when some of the New England mill men were predicting ruin to the business unless they could secure modification of some of the legislation regulating labor in the mills, which legislation they asserted was one of the principal things that give the Southern mills the advantage over them. They seem to have gotten over their scare on that point for they have ceased raising the alarm cry, and the fact that they are now making satisfactory profits seems to give proof that there was less ground for this legislation clamor than they pretended there was.

If the fact of building new mills in the North indicates that the Northern mill men have no idea of abandoning the field, the large number of new mills built in the South shows that Southern mill men, and others who put their money into such enterprises, have no fears that the business will be overdone, or that there will be too many mills in the South. The Northern mill men and the Southern mill men are both right, provided proper effort be made to find foreign markets for the product of our mills. This will become a necessity if our mill men expect to keep on building and increasing the annual output, so that it resolves itself into this, that the American millers, North and South, must become competitors of foreign millers, and compete with them for the world's trade. If they fix their eyes on the home market the result will be profit-destroying competition between Southern and Northern mills, in which event Northern mills would have to go to the wall in those lines of goods manufactured in the South, for they could not compete with the Southern mills. This has been already demonstrated and has been confirmed by the abandonment by many of the Northern mills of certain classes of goods which they once made, but make no longer, since being confronted by Southern competition.

As the case presents itself in view of the steady and large increase in the number of mills, the Southern mills must branch out, add to their lines of goods and reach up to higher grades in which the larger profit is, while both Southern and Northern mills must make concerted efforts to find profitable markets for the surplus that the home market cannot consume. Together they should work for and insist upon such modification of the protective tariff as would remove some of the obstacles to their entering and securing a permanent foothold in foreign markets, and also to securing shorter and cheaper routes of transportation for their goods to the countries which they desire to enter.

There are over a thousand millions of people on the other half of the globe the majority of whom wear cotton clothing if they wear anything and there are a hundred millions in the countries south of us of whom the same might be said. With cheap transportation and a tariff that would encourage rather than repress trade with us, American cotton manufacturers should command the bulk of that trade.

If the American cotton industry continues to increase as it has been for some years and is now increasing, and its managers hope to continue prosperous, larger foreign markets will be a necessity and the sooner this fact is recognized and acted upon the better it will be for them, and for the millions interested directly or indirectly in that industry.

THE DREYFUS TRIAL

Military courts in France are peculiar and spectacular, which is one of the reasons, perhaps, why they draw so well. They are peculiar because everybody connected with them has unlimited latitude and can say pretty much what he pleases, provided he doesn't become boisterous enough to make himself a temporary nuisance.

According to the mode of procedure there is no distinction made between legal and illegal evidence, that is evidence that is pertinent to the case or not, which means that a witness may compose a romance and deliver it while on the stand if it isn't too uninteresting or long enough to tire the court out, and in addition to this he can pitch into the person he is testifying against and denounce him as all sorts of a scoundrel on general principles, as Gen. Mercier did when testifying in the case of Dreyfus. Mercier was the witness to whom the anti-Dreyfus faction was looking to crush him, but his testimony was a fizzle and he himself became a pitiable object of contempt before he ended and left the court room, amid the hisses and howls of a people who not long ago would have torn to pieces the man against whom he testified.

Judging from the evidence as far as it has been given, the acquittal of Dreyfus seems to be a certainty, for how he can be convicted, even by a French Military court, after such a complete fizzle as Mercier's testimony proved to be, we cannot see.

If France, were the only country that had that kind of military courts, we might laugh at her, but we have something bordering on that ourselves, the "embalmed beef" courts, of investigation, for instance, in the first of which General Eagan performed.

An old fellow in Peoria, Ill., is so stuck on the bicycle that he has had one cut on the tombstone which will mark his grave. There are a good many distilleries in Peoria.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other.

CORN EXPORTS.

This year's corn crop for the United States promises to be one of the largest ever grown, if not the largest It is not yet sufficiently advanced in the great corn-growing States of the West to be entirely out of danger from unfavorable weather, but with no drawback the estimated yield for the United States will be between 2,200,000,000 and 2,500,000,000 bushels, grown upon 81,556,000 acres, the largest acreage ever planted except in 1892 when it reached 82,000,000 acres. The largest crop ever grown was in 1896 when we produced 2,283,000,000 bushels, so that the crop of this year, even at the lower estimate will, not fall far short of that.

Corn is a great crop, but there isn't much money in it for the farmer when sold in the form of corn. The money is in converting it into meat. We nearly always, with fair seasons, raise more than enough for home consumpton which, of course, keeps the price down, and being bulky it will not stand the cost of transportation by rail, and therefore water transportation is sought when it can be secured.

As pretty fair ocean rates can now be had our exports to Europe have increased and the demand is growing there for this food, which was little if any known a few years ago. This is due in a great measure to the efforts made by the United States Department of Agriculture to introduce this as a food grain in European countries, efforts which have met with considerable success, as proof of which the exports from Baltimore alone have increased from 7,758,000 bushels in 1894 to 45,096,000 in 1898, when the total reached 212,000,000, the largest quantity ever moved, the fall being to 174,000,000 bushels for the last fiscal year. But the failure of crops in the corn producing countries of Europe and Asia will cause an extraordinary demand this year, when the figures may reach or exceed those of 1898.

TO GET RID OF OTIS.

There are pretty good indications that the war managers in Washington are planning to get rid of Otis as commander in the Philippines. There have been rumors from time to time that the responsibilities there would be divided, because Gen. Otis had too much on his shoulders, and that some other General would be put in charge of military matters, leaving him to deal only with the civil. The latest comes from the Washington correspondent of the New York *Sun* to the effect that Gen. Otis will be called home to take part in the conference of the Philippine Commission, which will meet in Wasnington early in the Fall. He and Admiral Dewey belong to the commission, and their presence, it is said, will be necessary. In the event that he comes home it is thought that Gen. Merritt will be sent in his place, and it is pretty safe to predict that if he does come, they will find another job for him, nearer his size, and he will have no chance to do any more bungling in Luzon or adjacent territory.

But one of the best indications that they are contemplating getting rid of Otis is the statement which finds its way into print now and then that he has the full confidence of the President. Alger had the full confidence of the President, but all the same he snapped at that resignation with the celerity that a hungry trout would go for a bait. We think Gen. Otis should go. He is a misfit.

TWINKLINGS.

— "He has very decided views, hasn't he?" "Yes; they are decided by his wife."—*Tit-Bits.*

— May—"Are you very particular about how your chaperon looks?" Fay—"Um, yes—I want her to look the other way."—*Philadelphia Bulletin.*

— A Clear Title: "I don't see how Typson got into the Authors' Club if he has never written a book." "He got in on condition that he never would write one."—*Detroit Free Press*

—Making Home Pleasant: "Cook is talking about leaving, Henry." "Gracious!—don't let that happen! Tell her I am going to buy her an automobile in a few days!"—*Puck.*

— A Hard World: "By lookin' in the miscroscope," said Plodding Pete, "you learns dat every time you drinks water you puts a bunch o' wild an' wrigglin' animals in yer stomach" "Yes," answered Meandering Mike, "an' if you drinks whisky you has 'em in yer head: so what's a man to do?"—*Washington Star.*

— O'Flannigan (in an awful predicament two stories high)—"Faith, Pat, I can't howld on here eny longer; I'm goin' t' dhrop; rest me sowl!" O'Mulligan—"Could yez hang on a wee bit longer, Tim, till I get me new dinner bucket from under yez?"—*Ohio State Journal.*

— Aunt Hannah—"Of course, you ought not to go if your husband does not want you to go. You know you promised to obey him." Mrs. Darling—"When I promised to obey him, of course, I looked upon it as a joke. You could not think seriously of obeying a man who had been telling you for nearly a year that he desired only to be your devoted slave."—*Boston Transcript.*

QUARTERLY MEETINGS.

M. E. Church, South, Wilmington District.

Onslow, Queen's Creek, August 15.
Kenansville, Warsaw, August 19-20.
Clinton, Goshen, August 23.
Burgaw, Burgaw, August 26-27.
Magnolia, Centenary, September 2-3.
Wilmington, Fifth Street, September 10-11.
Southport, September 17-18.
Whiteville, Torro Gordo, September 23-24.
Waccamaw, Old Dock, September 26.
Brunswick, Zion, September 30-October 1.
Wilmington, Market Street, (at night) Oct. 1,
Carver's Creek, Shiloh, October 7-8.
Elizabeth, Singletaries, October 14-15.

H. F. BUMPASS,
Presiding Elder.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Goldsboro *Argus:* Five tobacco barns within a radius of five miles of Goldsboro have been destroyed by fire this week, and in every instance they were full of tobacco and were a total loss to their owners.

— Durham *Sun*: A gentleman here to-day said that a friend of his in Auburn planted twenty watermelon seed of a particular kind last Spring and has already gathered over eight hundred pounds of melon from the planting. He had one melon that weighed fifty pounds as a sample of the kind raised from these seed. Before the season is over it is thought that the small patch will produce at least two hundred pounds more, or fifty pounds to each seed planted.

— Kinston *Free Press*: A long article recently appeared in the Washington *Post* about a certain Harvey Rogers, who, after passing through many vicissitudes of fortune, has come into the inheritance of a considerable sum, between $400,000 and $500,000. A good many of our people will recall that during the latter part of last year a tramp by that name roamed the streets of Kinston, begging his bread and sleeping where he could—mostly in goods boxes in back lots. It seems to be almost certain, from the facts published, that this tramp and now a half millionaire is the same person who used to be seen around Kinston, apparently brooding, and presenting a picture of wasted life. Some of our people recall hearing him mention events in his life as they were recounted in a long article in the Washington *Post*, so it is almost beyond a shadow of doubt that the tramp and the now half millionairer is one and the same person.

— Burlington *News*: Mr. Jas. A. Zachary brought to our office this week a small oak bush, about two feet high, which was full of small acorns. We have never seen so small a bush as this bearing, and Mr. Zachary says he thinks it must be a cross between a mistake and an accident. Which it is or whether it is both we can't tell, but it is, to say the least of it, a freak of nature. —— Quite a strange incident occured at the depot at this place last Saturday. Last Saturday a colored woman, who resides in this city, received a telegram saying to meet the 9 o'clock train, as the remains of her husband, who had been working in Asheville, and died there, would be down on that train. She went sadly to the depot to receive the last remains of her departed husband. Soon after her arrival there, another colored woman with a baby in her arms came in and sadly took a seat, holding a handkerchief to her eyes. The first woman being occupied with her own grief did not inquire into the cause of the other's sorrow, but through an overheard conversation she learned that she also was there to meet the remains of a deceased husband. Well, the train came, and with it the coffin containing the dead husband. But as the train stopped, another colored woman carrying a baby in her arms stepped off the train. All three, each without noticing the other, marched up to the coffin, and there 'mid the noise usual to a passenger depot their hearts gave vent to their feelings over the loss of a true husband. When it was discovered that the body belonged to all three of the mourning widows the train left for Haw River, and we did hot stay to see what was the disposition of the body, but went off solliliquizing whose husband he would be in neaven.

LIKES THE AMERICAN COMPANY'S PRESS.

An Arkansas Firm Used It Last Season With Great Satisfaction.

[*From the Commercial Appeal, Memphis, Tenn.*]

A. J. Clements, of the firm of Clements & Daniel, cotton ginners of Lonoke, Ark, was in the city yesterday. Mr. Clements was seen by a *Commercial Appeal* representative in the office of the American Cotton Company, in the Continental building, and he talked very enthusiastically of that company's Roundlap bale press, which he has been operating at his gin the past season. He compressed about 4,000 bales on his Roundlap bale press, and the cotton was all sold at the press at Memphis prices. Mr. Clements says that a Roundlap bale from the American Company's press will net from $2.50 to $3.00 more than from the old press. In fact, a farmer a few months ago made a test of the matter, bringing the exact number of pounds of the same quality to Mr. Clements that he did to a square bale press, without letting either gin know he was making the test, and the Roundlap bale netted just $3.75 more than the square bale.

Mr. Clements says that one season has satisfied him of the merits of the American Company's Roundlap bale press. It is a good thing he says, both for the ginner and the farmer, and his firm will continue its use and abandon its other press entirely.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Upon the citizenship of the Italians lynched at Talulah seems to depend the question as to whether they are worth some thousands of dollars per capita or nothing at all. In this case naturalization does not appear to enhance value.—*Baltimore Herald, Ind.*

—— Ex-President Harrison has never been known as an internal joker, but he appears to covet that distinction. "The United States," he assures the French people in an interview published in Paris, "have no desire for war or conquest. Their attitude is limited outside their own boundaries to the safeguarding of liberty." That is real humor.—*Charleston News and Courier, Dem.*

—— The people of Illinois are, theoretically very fond of the colored man and brother, so long as he remains in the South; but practically and at close range they have extremely little for him. At Quincy the other day a restaurant keeper refused to serve meals to a colored preachers. and in Peoria the Young Men's Christian Association has a row on its hands because the white members refuse to share the bath tubs with the colored members. *Savannah News. Dem.*

—— One passage in the Queen's speech is calculated to arouse the wrath of the Boers. It is that in which her Majesty speaks of "my grant of internal independence to that Republic." This is an express assertion of suzerainty over the Transvaal, and an intimation that it holds its independence, such as it is, only at her Majesty's pleasure. If the British Government wishes to stir up strife in South Africa and provoke the Boers to open war, this language is well adaped to do it.—*Philadelphia Ledger, Ind.*

— "What a little mouth your young friend has! It doesn't seem large enough to hold a tongue." He—"It doesn't."—*Tit Bits.*

TOM'S DAUGHTER.

"I was shipmate for six years with old Tom Ravenwood, one of the best known of the knotty, hard swearing and hard fighting gunner's mates of the old navy," said a Washington man who put in a long stretch as a ship's writer in the navy.

"I don't know whether Tom is still alive and in the service, but I have a feeling that he is, for he was as tough as a hickory log, and I can't imagine him passing in his gear and getting himself sewed up in a hammock and heaved over the side.

"Tom couldn't read or write, and I used to attend to his correspondence for him. His correspondence consisted entirely in letters to his daughter, who was in a convent in Mississippi.

"The child was about 14 years old when I first became a shipmate of Tom's and began to write his letters to her, and he had not seen her for over six years. He'd always happen to be discharged on a foreign station, and he always shipped over on a cruising vessel, and so rarely made port in the United States long enough to permit of his visiting his little girl.

"He devoted more than three-fourths of his gunner's mate's pay to the support and education of his little one, whose mother, a young Frenchwoman in New Orleans, had died in giving her birth.

"On the foreign station old Tom used to come aft to my office on the berth deck, after an American mail had arrived and been distributed to the men on board and get me to read to him the little bundle of letters that always reached him from his little girl.

"At first they were childishly bland and commonplace, but as the years went by they grew more womanly and clever and filled with the thoughtfulness of a tender nature, and after awhile as the girl passed into womanhood they became beautiful specimens of the epistolary art—sweet and frank and filled with affection for the rough old tar and with longing to see him—for she barely remembered him.

"'She cert'nly do know how to spin a plain talk, now, don't she?' he used to ask me after I read one of these letters. 'I never had no chanst meself, but I allus figured on givin the little gal a chanst to stow her headpiece with enough of this here book learnin to do fur both of us when she gits growed up.'

"If I had always written the old man's letters to his daughter just as he'd dictate them to me, they'd have all been exactly alike. 'My dear little girl,' he'd dictate, 'we got into this port in the China seas two watches ago with a fair wind and no steam to push us along. Your letters received. You are a good little girl, I know. Your old dad is going to try to see you one of these here days at the wind up of a cruise. Goodby for the present.' Of course I altered this a bit and put a little news into the letter.

"The girl was bitterly disappointed when three years after I began to write her father's letters to her he announced that he'd shipped over for another three year cruise and that he wouldn't see her for three years more, and, he added, he 'would then for certain sure.'

"About a year before the wind up of the cruise the old man asked her to send him a photograph of herself, but she begged off, saying she wanted when she met him to see if he would know her.

"'Mayhap,' said the old man to me, 'the little one's growed up a bit plain like and don't want to send the pictur' of a plain gal to her old dad, as if that 'ud make any difference to me.'

"Well, our ship pulled up at the Brooklyn navy yard just two days before the old man's time was out. His daughter was to meet him across the way in New York.

"There was a big crowd of the relatives of the officers and men aboard at the yard dock when we pulled alongside. When the plank was thrown out, they flocked aboard. Old Tom Ravenwood and I stood at the break of the fo'c'sle watching the people coming aboard, neither of us expecting anybody.

"A tall and very lovely young woman of about 20 stepped lightly up the gangway. She was such a thoroughbred in appearance and so singularly beautiful besides that the officers of the deck bowed and scraped to her, thinking she was come aboard to see one of the officers aft.

"The young woman looked around in a bewildered sort of way, and then her eyes caught sight of old Tom, with his sleeves rolled up, showing the tattooed crucifixion on one knotted forearm and a Japanese dragon on the other.

"The girl had had a tintype taken years ago of her father. Well, it was surely enough an affecting thing to see the sight that leaped into the eyes of that superb young woman and to see her glide like a flash up forward—to the surprise of the officer of the deck—into the lump muscled arms of old Tom Ravenwood, gunner's mate. The fellows standing around all coughed foolishly in a choked sort of way and looked off in the other direction.

"As for the old man, after he had held his daughter in his arms for a minute or so—looking as embarrassed and yet happy as a man could look—said he to me, knuckling at his clear old eyes and trying to pry himself loose:

"'Look a here, mate, jest you keep an eye on this bit of cargo for me for half a minute, will you, until I lay below an see about them am'nition h'ists?'

"But the 'ammunition hoists' were too thin a subterfuge. The old man didn't want to make a show of himself."—Philadelphia Item.

Making Steel Pens.

Briefly described, steel pens are made as follows: First the steel is rolled into big sheets and then cut into strips about three inches in width. The strips are heated to a bright red and are then allowed to cool gradually, which anneals them.

They are next rolled to the necessary thinness and are cut into blank flat pens, and the pens, while flat, are usually stamped with the brand or the name of the manufacturer.

To shape the pens is the next process. The rounding makes them hold the ink and distribute it more gradually and evenly than could be done if they were flat. To harden them they are heated to a cherry red and then suddenly cooled. This not only hardens them, but makes them elastic. The polishing, slitting, pointing and finishing come next, and then they are ready for use. The little holes in the pens at the end of the slits serve to make them more elastic and to facilitate the flow of the ink.

It is said that more steel is now used in the manufacture of pens than in that of swords. It is even claimed that the metal annually used in their manufacture weighs more than all the metal used in the manufacture of war implements. If this be true, much force is added to the time honored saying that "the pen is mightier than the sword."

Crying For Charlie.

Harry and Charlie, aged 5 and 3 respectively, had just been seated at the nursery table for dinner. Harry noticed there was but one orange on the table and immediately set up a wail that brought his mother to the scene. "Why, Harry, what are you crying for?" she asked. "Because there ain't any orange for Charlie."

Santa Anna's Cork Leg.

Ever since the Mexican war a cork leg and boot captured from General Santa Anna have been in the war museum of Springfield, Ills. It is now proposed to send them back to the family of the general, and, this purpose having been communicated to President Diaz, he has made the following acknowledgment: "I appreciate greatly the kindness and goodness of the purpose communicated which may actuate the honorable members of that legislative house and which concerns the family of Major General Santa Anna. The sending back of the cork limb into their possession would be an estimable course and without doubt a very pleasing and acceptable attention to them, and it would be a pledge of friendship of great value. Your respectful servant, Porfiro Diaz."

Salisbury and His Safety.

Lord Salisbury is to ride a bike. His eminence has not yet appeared in public, but the few intimates who have had the pleasure of witnessing his performances at Hatfield assure an anxious people that he will at least present a striking appearance. The machine has been made to order, having two brakes and a number of extra spokes. It is confidently expected that the queen will be the next convert to the whir of the wheel, although as yet no official bulletin has been issued in relation to her debut.

IN REGARD TO THE ROUND BALE.

[*Smithfield Herald*]

The controversy of the round bale vs. the square bale has now assumed such an aspect here in Johnston county that, in justice to our paper and its readers, we can no longer remain silent concerning the question. We trust our readers have understood this silence.

When the controversy first began to rage, we refused to take a stand with either side because we wished to investigate and ascertain which system was of greatest benefit to the cotton raiser. When we should become fully convinced which was right we determined then to announce our position and take a part in the fight "Be sure you are right and then go ahead" was the favorite maxim of Davy Crocket, and the advice of the wise Tennesseean was never taken in vain.

Upon looking into this question we at once stumble upon one point and in our opinion, the fact that a trust is behind the round bale should be enough to warn the farmer of the baleful effects which, it is reasonable to expect, the general introduction of the system in the South would produce. The American Cotton Company is the promoter of the new system.

If the outfit, required to manufacture the round bale, was placed on the market for sale, the farmers need have nothing to fear But it is not for sale, only for rent. And the ginner who rents it must guarantee 1,000 bales per season before he secures the plant. How many ginners in this country could secure the outfit under these conditions? How many miles would the farmer be forced to carry his raw cotton before reaching a gin? Smaller ginning concerns would be driven out of business and the farmer would be subjected to the greatest inconvenience.

Let the American Cotton Company sell its outfit at a reasonable price and the condition will be changed. It will not do to place the cotton raiser at the mercy of a syndicate or trust.

We have fought trusts early and late. We see in them the great danger to American liberty—we want no centralization of capital or business. The trust is the octopus that grinds the poor man in the dust and always selects the peor man as its victim, it causes little children to suffer, and mothers, seeing their sufferings mourn.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6¾
Standard		@	7
WESTERN SMOKE—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	13½
Sides ℔ ℔		@	6¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	7¾
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	5½@		5¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	5½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 25	@	1 35
New New York, each		@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	24
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15	@	18
Northern	25	@	30
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	47	@	47½
Virginia Meal	47	@	47½
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	1 00
CANDLES—℔ ℔			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔			
Northern Factory	10½@		11½
Dairy Cream		@	13
State		@	10½
COFFEE—℔ ℔			
Laguyra	10	@	12½
Rio	7	@	8
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 ℔s		@	70
EGGS—℔ dozen	8	@	9
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl.	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl.	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 00	@	4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 00	@	8 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
" Extra	4 35	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ B—			
Low grade		@	3 00
Choice		@	3 50
Straight	4 00	@	4 25
First Patent	4 50	@	5 00
GLUE—℔ ℔	11	@	13
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	52	@	52½
Car-load, in bgs—White		@	52
Oats, from store	38	@	40
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	65	@	75
HIDES—℔ ℔			
Green salted		@	6½
Dry flint	10	@	12½
Dry salt		@	9
HAY ℔ 100 ℔s			
Clover Hay	85	@	90
Rice Straw	40	@	50
Eastern	80	@	85
Western	80	@	85
North River	80	@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔		@	3¾
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5	@	6½
North Carolina	7	@	8
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
Common mill	5 00	@	6 50
Fair mill	6 50	@	8 00
Prime mill	8 50	@	10 00
Extra mill	10 00	@	10 50
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	25
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	23	@	30
Porto Rico, in barrels	25	@	30
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	15	@	25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	2 00	@	2 10
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	9 50	@	10 00
Rump		@	9 50
Prime		@	9 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool	75	@	80
American	70	@	75
On 125 ℔ Sacks		@	47½
SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 60	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Grau'd	5¾@		5⅝
Standard A	5	@	5¼
White Extra C	5	@	5¼
Extra C, Golden		@	5
C, Yellow		@	4¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½@		4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Palme		@	7 00
Mill, Fair		@	6 50
Common Mill	4 50	@	5 00
Inferior to ordinary	3 00	@	4 00
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed			
℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	5 50
6x24 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	6

LENGTHENS YOUR LIFE

The scrubbing brush is the implement of torture with which thousands of women are wearing out their lives.

It's the true cause of half of their wrinkles, half their backaches, half their weakness.

GOLD DUST Washing Powder

comes to their relief. Used with this great cleanser, the scrubbing brush loses its terror at once. All cleaning is easy with Gold Dust. It does the work in half the time, with half the effort and at half the cost of soap or any other cleanser. For greatest economy buy our large package.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY

CHICAGO ST. LOUIS NEW YORK BOSTON

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Aug. 14.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market firm at 48½ cents per gallon for machine made casks and 48 cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at 90 cents per bbl for strained and 95 cents for good strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1.80 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at —— per barrel for hard, $2.60 for dip and $2.60 for virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine, nothing doing; rosin steady at $1.00@1.05c; tar steady at—$1.20; crude turpentine firm at at $1.10@1.60.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	192
Rosin	713
Tar	457
Crude turpentine	74

Receipts same day last year.—86 casks spirits turpentine, 307 bbls rosin, 160 bbls tar, 35 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market steady on a basis of 5⅞c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Good Ordinary	3 7-16 cts	℔ lb
Good Ordinary	4 13-16	" "
Low Middling	5 7-16	" "
Middling	5⅞	" "
Good Middling	6¼	" "

Same day last year middling 5½c.

Receipts—0 bale; same day last year, 0.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Extra prime, $1.00 to $1.10c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, $1.10 to $1.12½. Virginia—Extra prime, 75 to 80c; fancy, 95c.

CORN—Firm; 52 to 52½ cents per bushel for white.

ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tide-water) 90c@$1.10; upland 65@80c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 7 to 8c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five-inch hearts and saps, $2.25 to 3.25; six-inch, $4.00 to 5.00; seven-inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $2.50 to 6.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph

BUSINESS LOCALS

IN "THE MORNING STAR"

COST BUT A CENT A WORD.

NO AD. FOR LESS THAN 20c.

HAVE YOU LOST ANYTHING?
HAVE YOU FOUND ANYTHING?
WANT TO SELL A HOUSE?
WANT TO RENT A HOUSE?
NEED A COOK?
WANT A NURSE?
WANT TO BORROW MONEY?
WANT TO LEND MONEY?
WANT A SITUATION?
WANT A BOOKKEEPER?

WANT TO BUY OR SELL A COW OR HORSE?
DO YOU WISH TO SELL A FARM?
DO YOU WISH TO BUY A FARM?
DO YOU WANT A WIFE?

Do You Want Anything?

A Cent a Word is a Mere Trifle for An Advertisement.
The Price is so Low That You Can Afford to Detail Your Needs in Print, and Save Correspondence.

Try "The Morning Star."

Guaranteed Circulation Larger Than That of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

THE ... ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,

WITH ASSETS OF OVER

One Million Dollars.

OFFERS ABSOLUTE SECURITY TO DEPOSITORS.

CUSTOMERS' NEEDS PROMPTLY AND INTELLIGENTLY ATTENDED TO.

POLITE AND COURTEOUS ATTENTION GUARANTEED TO EVERY PATRON.

ACCOUNTS BOTH LARGE AND SMALL SOLICITED.

J. W. NORWOOD, President.
LEE H. BATTLE, Cashier.

jy 29 tf

Have Just Received for Monday's Trade.

FANCY SOFT PEACHES FOR CREAM, FANCY DELAWARE AND NIAGARA GRAPES, FLORIDA PINEAPPLES AND

ALSO A NICE LINE OF CHOCOLATE CANDY

20c to 40c per lb.

TRY A SAMPLE POUND.
'PHONE YOUR ORDERS FOR ICE CREAM.

aug 6 tf JNO. W. PLUMMER, Jr.

S. P. McNAIR,

Wholesale Grocer,

North Water Street.

OFFERS FOR SALE

FLOUR.
RIB SIDES.
D. S. PLATES.
PURE LARD.
LARD COMPOUND.
STAR LYE.
MENDELSON'S LYE.
TOMSON'S LYE.
CRACKERS.
PIC-NIC CHEESE.
SUGAR.
COFFEE.

Rust Proof Oats.
September Mullets.

LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE

The Original WORCESTERSHIRE

That's it

Beware of Imitations

John Duncan's Sons, Agents, New York

apr 1 tf tu

Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

BRIARSMERE.

Esme Barton, as she rode along on her trusty little cob, paid no heed to the weather, so absorbed was she in her own thoughts. Ralph Underwood was coming that night to ask her to be his wife, she felt sure, for his manner at the Fletchers' dance had been unmistakable.

What answer should she give him? Could she ever love a man she did not altogether trust?

Ah, if only Jack could speak, she knew what answer she would give, but Jack never would now, though years ago he had shown in a hundred little ways that he loved her.

But that was before his father died, and Briarsmere was found to be mortgaged and all the affairs terribly involved. So now Jack was a poor man and had even undertaken work as Underwood's agent to pay off the mortgage which Ralph held.

Esme was rich and could do as she liked with the fortune she had inherited from her mother, but was powerless to help Jack because of that unwritten law that "a man is to woo, a woman is to be wooed."

The rain poured down and at last awoke Esme to a sense of what was going on around her.

The rain was coming down in torrents, and an ominous roll of thunder in the distance made Beauty tremble.

It was a lonely part of the road. Only a little cabin much out of repair was in sight. She hastened toward it, not knowing if Mrs. O'Grady still occupied the place or whether she had already gone to live with her sister in Kerry.

On trying to lift the latch Esme found it was locked, but discovered a shelter in the peat shed at the back.

As she stood there caressing her horse to allay its fears she was startled to hear a key fitted into the lock of the door in front of the house.

The boards of the mud covered walls were ill fitted and rotten, and Esme could distinctly hear two men talking as they entered and shook the water from their clothes.

"You must do something for the place," said a voice she recognized as Jack's.

"I'll not spend a cent.'

"That is, of course, your affair, Mr. Underwood," said Jack. "In my position as agent it was my duty to point out to you what was needed, but I cannot make you do it. Only I tell you, as man to man, that the neglect of your tenant's interests is a disgrace to the neighborhood. I have worked as your agent in order to work off the mortgage which you hold on my property, but I suppose the foreclosure you threaten must come, for I cannot work for you any longer and have not money to redeem the estate."

"And, pray, why am I to lose your valuable services?" said Underwood.

"You know that during my management your profits have nearly doubled, but when it comes to distilling liquors in underground distilleries and expecting me to be a party to the fraud I draw the line."

"How dare you speak like this to me!" said Underwood, choking with rage. "You pauper, if I had not employed you, you would have starved!"

"You are exaggerating my poverty," said Jack, in a calm tone. "It is true by honest work I hoped to regain my property, but when you expect dishonest work you have come to the wrong man.

"By the way," continued Jack, and Esme could hardly catch his words, for he was already on the road, "I have ordered back the pipes and stills."

"The dickens you have!" roared Underwood, as he paced the miserable room.

A quarter of an hour later Esme was in the cozy office of her friend and adviser, Mr. Rance.

"It is a large sum of money to invest in landed property, Miss Esme."

"I know," said the girl in her quick, bright way, "but what does that matter? I have ever so much more when that is spent. Besides, I happen to know the mortgage will be foreclosed if this money is not paid, and I have other reasons as well."

Beauty, trotting along in the twilight, was within a mile of her own warm stable when she suddenly swerved from a dark figure walking rapidly in the shadow.

Esme, who had been sitting lightly in the saddle, thinking over her afternoon's work, was taken unawares and flung to the ground.

Stooping over her, Jack—for it was he who had unwittingly frightened the cob—lifted her quickly in his arms. She was dazed and stunned, and as her head rested on his shoulder he stooped and pressing his lips to hers stole the kiss that he had never dared to hope would be his by right.

"Esme," he said after a pause, in which each read the other's heart, "I never dared to hope that you had given me your love, and I have no right to ask you to be my wife, for in a few weeks I shall have no home. Briarsmere is no longer mine. I kissed you because I could not help it as you lay in my arms, and I thought you had fainted."

"Briarsmere is mine," said Esme, smiling, "and it is very mean of you, Jack, only to want to kiss me when I have fainted."—Exchange.

YOUTHS' DEPARTMENT.

Life of the Naval Apprentice—Making Steel Pens—Guards Set by Animals.

"Apprentices of the United States Navy" is the title of an article in St. Nicholas. Almost every boy by this time knows of battleships and cruisers, of torpedoes and torpedo boats and of the gallant officers and jolly Jack Tars who man the ships. But it is safe to say that there are few indeed who have ever heard of the young naval apprentice, the work which he has to do and what his chances are for the future. It is enough at present to say that he is an enlisted boy who by means of a great deal of drill and training develops gradually into a most efficient and useful man on board of our modern ships.

Although the apprentice can never hope to become a commissioned officer, there are many positions of trust and honor in the service that are open to him if he but applies himself to the tasks assigned to him day by day and is awake to the opportunities that are sure to turn up for him.

The boys at the training station truly may be said to live in a little world of their own, for they do not need to go outside of their own circle to find any of the needs of life. At certain hours of the day they form a well regulated school, in which they are taught all the elements of science, English and mathematics—enough to enable them to understand thoroughly and to handle intelligently the various fittings and armament of a modern man-of-war.

Well informed and thoroughly practical officers are stationed there to instruct the apprentices in all the drills and maneuvers used by seamen afloat and ashore, including infantry, light artillery, seamanship in all its forms, both theoretical and practical, the several kinds of signaling used in the service, the handling of boats under steam, oars and sails, and the use of sword and gun in the arts of fencing and of bayonet exercise.

A chaplain in the navy is detailed regularly for duty among the boys and to look after them in any way he may think most conducive to their highest moral improvement. Every Sunday the boys are assembled on deck to join in a regular church worship, presided over by the chaplain, and it is a most interesting sight to see several hundred boys of tender age, all in the same blue uniform, joining heartily in the service. Those with voices worthy of any cultivation are assigned to the choir, and they enjoy this honor quite as much as any of the several privileges that fall to their lot. At certain other times, in the evenings, during recreation periods, they are permitted to assemble for any kind of innocent amusement, and one of the most popular pastimes among them seems to be dancing.

Every spring and summer the apprentices are taken aboard some of the older vessels of the navy and are sent abroad for a cruise, during which, under efficient officers, they are taught the full duties of seamen afloat. All the theory of seamanship and gunnery is then reduced to practice, and the apprentices are put through the evolutions of furling, reefing and loosing sail, of abandoning ship and of aiming and firing the guns on board, antiquated though they may be.

For a Retreat.

He—What is that you were just trying on the piano?

She—Oh, that's a new march.

He—Awfully fast time, isn't it?

She—Yes; I think the composer was in a hurry to get through when he was writing it.—Yonkers Statesman.

NERVOUS WOMEN

Do you feel like screaming just before and during the monthly sickness? Are you easily irritated? Do you get the blues and wish sometimes you were dead?

If your answer is "Yes" to any of these questions, you should lose no time in taking

BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR

It will overcome and cure every form of irregular menses, leucorrhœa, falling of the womb and other uterine trouble.

$1 at Druggists.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

A Jolly Game.

A rather noisy, but very funny game for children is where one member of the party is made the victim of a merry prank. It requires a tiny bell, such as is fastened to the collars of small dogs or cats. To this should be attached a string or ribbon and a pin bent into a hook. The company always manages to choose some one who has never seen the game played, and he is chosen by acclaim to be blindfolded and to catch the person who has the bell. By the time he is blindfolded some one has adroitly hooked the bell to the back of his coat. Then some one calls out:

"Black and white,
Blue and gray;
Turn around three times
And catch whom you may."

This is the signal for a noisy, merry game. The victim hears the bell, always behind him, and turns and grabs in hopeless confusion, catching one after another, but never the right one.

Why Fish Are Slippery.

Fish of almost every sort are when fresh caught slippery and hard to hold. This slipperiness is due to a sort of mucus exuding through the scales and is of the greatest importance to all finny creatures.

One of the important functions of the fish's slimy coating is to protect it from the attacks of fungus, a form of plant life found in all waters, salt and fresh, foul and pure. If the fish is so injured that some spot becomes uncovered by the slime, a barely visible fungus will be likely to lodge there, and when it is once lodged the process of its reproduction is very rapid. It soon extends over the gills and kills the fish.

The primary purpose of the slime of the fish is to reduce its friction when in motion through the water and increase its speed. It also serves as a cushion to the scales, which it thus protects from many injuries.

East Carolina Real Estate Agency.

R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C.

All classes of desirable Real Estate (city and country) bought and sold on Commission. Special attention to Farms and Timbered Lands.

We now offer the following valuable property:

Eighty Acres Near Burgaw.

One 80-acre tract of Land within half mile of Burgaw. None cleared, but easily put in state of cultivation.

Valuable Farm near Greenville, N. C.

A Farm of 250 acres four miles from Greenville, one mile from House station on the Atlantic Coast Line. One hundred and eighty-five acres cleared and in fine state of cultivation. One nice two-story dwelling with six rooms. One cook room and kitchen. One office. One set two-story stables with eight stalls. Two barns. Two tobacco barns. One 16-horse power engine, gin house, gin, press, etc. All necessary machinery attached. All kinds of farming implements, including wagons, carts, tools, etc. Also, four mules and one horse.

Will sell all together or the land separate.

Farm of 143 Acres

in Long Creek village, Pender county—25 acres cleared, balance well timbered. Four acres in strawberries, 2 acres in apple trees. Fine grape vine. Large two-story house. One good New Store House. All necessary out houses. Two tenant houses. Two miles from Montague, a station on Atlantic and Yadkin Railroad; sixteen miles from Wilmington. Fertile land, in a high state of cultivation. A bargain for somebody.

2,000 Acres of Land

in New Hanover county on navigable stream; borders tide water. Three clearings on place—one of 25 acres with house and outbuildings on same; two of 30 acres each; balance well timbered. Twelve miles from Wilmington. Four miles from Castle Hayne, a station on the W. & W. R. R. The nearest point of the land to the Newbern railroad is two miles.

House in Kenansville.

One valuable six-room house in Kenansville, Duplin county, N. C., just completed. Known as "Birchwood Cottage," with nice office on lot; also, garden and outbuildings. Located in a desirable part of the town. Kenansville is a pleasant town to live in—famed for its pure spring water and healthy locality. James Sprunt Institute, one of the best schools in the State, is located there.

Fifty Acres of Land

One-half mile from South Washington, on the W. & W. R. R., in Pender county. Borders on county roads. Very valuable for trucking.

Property in Burgaw.

Four good Building Lots in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-half acre each.

One neat three-room House in town of Burgaw, on lot consisting of one and one-half acres. All set out in strawberries except garden and yard.

A desirable building lot in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-fourth of an acre, fronting railroad, and it is a corner lot.

Farm at Burgaw.

A desirable farm at Burgaw. The residence and about one-third of the farm within the corporate limits of the town. About seventy acres cleared; six acres in strawberries; one acre in fruit trees and grape vines. All necessary outbuildings. A nice desirable six-room residence. Farm contains 100 acres.

Tobacco and Truck Farm

Containing 265 acres, four miles from Magnolia, N. C., in the great truck belt. About seventy acres cleared; thirty acres of black branch land well timbered with curly yellow pine. Fine meadow land and best range for hogs, sheep and cattle. Five-room dwelling, with barn, stables and other out-houses. Nearly a half-acre in prolific grape vines. Lot of apple and plum trees. Beautiful oak and hickory grove surrounds dwelling. Good water. Admirably adapted to tobacco culture, and now has eight acres in cultivation. Also, two tobacco barns. Fences and ditches in good condition.

A Nice Farm.

A desirable farm of one hundred and fifty acres. Fifty acres is within the corporate limits of the town of Burgaw, N. C. Twenty two acres cleared. There is one nice, new three-room cottage, painted and plastered. Large stables and barns. A tenant's house, and strawberry packing house. A well of very fine drinking water. A nice orchard of 500 young fruit trees, consisting of Japan plums, peaches, pears, apples and figs.

A Real Bargain.

A desirable farm of 272 acres, three miles east of Rose Hill. Fifty acres cleared and in good state of cultivation, balance well timbered. Four-room house on premises. In good neighborhood. Will exchange for desirable house and lot in Wilmington.

Farm Near Ashton.

One hundred and fifty acres two miles from Ashton, four miles from Burgaw. Four acres cleared, most of which is very fertile low land. Balance well timbered for farming purposes. Two tenant houses.

For terms, &c., address,

R. G. GRADY & CO.,
Burgaw, N. C.

je 7

Mortgage Sale.

NORTH CAROLINA,
NEW HANOVER COUNTY.

By virtue of the provisions of a certain deed of mortgage made and executed by Prince O. Nixon and Gracie Ann Nixon to the Trustees of the Cape Fear Fire Engine Company No. 3 of the City of Wilmington, duly recorded in book 13, pages 637 et seq. of the records of New Hanover county, which was for value assigned to the undersigned on the 8th day of January, 1896, the undersigned assignee of said mortgage, will expose for sale on Friday the 8th day of September, 1899, at the Court House door of the county of New Hanover, in Wilmington, at 12 o'clock M., for cash, to the highest bidder, the following described property in said deed of mortgage.

1st Lot. Beginning at a point in the eastern line of 12th street 132 feet south from its intersection with the southern line of Wooster street and running thence southwardly along the said western line of 12th street 66 feet, thence east and parallel with Wooster street 165 feet, thence north and parallel with 12th street 66 feet, thence east and parallel with Wooster street 165 feet to the beginning, being part of Lot 3, Block 56.

2nd Lot. Beginning at the southeastern intersection of 14th and Chesnut streets, and running thence east along the southern line of Chesnut street 165 feet, thence south parallel with 14th street 66 feet, thence west parallel with Chesnut street 165 feet to the eastern line of 14th street, and thence north along said line of said street 66 feet to the beginning.

Dated this 5th day of August, 1899.

CHARITY HENRY.
By John D. Bellamy, Attorney. [au 8 30t

SEABOARD AIR LINE S.A.L. VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Schedule in Effect Dec. 11, 1898.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:15 P. M., Pembroke 5:35 P. M., Maxton 6:06 P. M.- Laurinburg 6:32 P. M., Hamlet 6:53 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with trains for Monroe, Charlotte, Athens, Atlanta and all points South; and with trains for Raleigh, Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:20 A. M., arrives Weldon 11:43 A. M., Raleigh 3:36 P. M., Sanford 5:05 P. M., Hamlet 6:55 P. M., Wadesboro 8:10 P. M., Monroe 9:12 P. M., Charlotte 10:20 P. M., and Atlanta 5:20 A. M.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 9:50 P. M. Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M. Arrives Monroe 5:45A. M. Wadesboro 6:51 A.M., Hamlet 7:43 A. M., Sanford 9:52 A. M., Raleigh 11:18 A. M., Weldon 2:50 P. M., Portsmouth 5:20 P. M.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 A. M. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 A. M., Maxton 9.05 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

Train 403—Leaves Washington 5:00 P. M., Richmond 9:00 P. M., Portsmouth 8:45 P. M., Weldon 11:10 P. M. Arrives Raleigh 2:14 A. M., Sanford 3:33 A. M., Hamlet 5:07 A. M., Wadesboro 6:01 A. M., Monroe 6:53 A. M., Charlotte 8:00 A. M., Atlanta 2:50 P. M.

Train 403—Leaves Charlotte 9:00 A. M. Arrives Lincolton 10:30 A. M., Shelby 11:37 A. M., Shelby 11.37 A. M., Rutherfordton 12:50 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Rutherfordton 4:20 P. M. Arrives Shelby 5:40 P. M. Lincolnton 6:56 P. M., Charlotte 8:15 P. M., Monroe 9:10 P. M.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 noon. Arrives Monroe 9:30 P. M., Wadesboro 10:30 P. M., Hamlet 11:15 P. M., Sanford 12:55 P. M., Raleigh 2:00 A. M., Weldon 4:55 A. M., Portsmouth 7:25 A. M., Richmond 8:15 A. M., Washington 12:41 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 P. M. Arrives Gibson 8:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 A. M. Arrives Hamlet 7.40 A. M.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 A. M. Arrives Cheraw 10:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 P. M. Arrives Hamlet 6:30 P. M.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to

THOS. D. MEARES,
Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

E ST. JOHN,
Vice President and General Manager.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager
V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.
L. S. ALLEN, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
General Offices Portsmouth Va. ja 10 tf

ATLANTIC & YADKIN —RAILWAY.

Schedule in Effect March 26th, 1899.

South Bound Daily No. 52	MAIN LINE.	North Bound Daily No. 53.
6 50 p m	Ar.....Wilmington.....Lv	9 00 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Fayetteville.....Ar	12 10 a m
3 45 p m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	12 08 p m
2 30 p m	Lv.....Sanford.....Lv	1 43 p m
12 42 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Lv	3 44 p m
12 18 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	4 15 p m
11 55 a m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	4 25 p m
11 07 a m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	5 12 p m
10 36 a m	Lv.....Walnut Cove.....Lv	5 44 p m
10 09 a m	Lv.....Rural Hall.....Lv	6 12 p m
8 45 a m	Lv.....Mt. Airy.....Ar	7 35 p m

South Bound Daily No. 54.	BENNETTSVILLE.	North Bound Daily No. 55.
8 00 a m	Lv.....Bennettsville.....Ar	7 15 p m
9 07 a m	Lv.....Maxton.....Lv	6 15 p m
9 35 a m	Lv.....Red Springs.....Lv	5 35 p m
10 20 a m	Lv.....Hope Mills.....Lv	4 52 p m
10 40 a m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	4 33 p m

No. 46		No. 47.
South Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.	MADISON BRANCH.	North Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.
5 30 p m	Ar.....Ramseur.....Lv	6 40 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Ar	8 25 a m
3 40 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	9 17 a m
2 30 p m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	9 35 a m
1 15 p m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	11 07 a m
12 30 p m	Lv.....Madison.....Ar	11 55 a m

Connections at Fayetteville with Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. R. KENLY, General Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt.
mar 28 tf

-- Kainit. --

General Stock Groceries At Wholesale.

McNAIR & PEARSALL.

jy 8 tf

BAGGING AND TIES.

500 ROLLS BAGGING.
600 BUNDLES TIES.
1500 LBS FRESH MULLETS.
1800 BUSHELS PURE VA. WATER GROUND MEAL.
100 SACKS GRITS.
300 BBLS RED SEAL FLOUR HALF PATENT.
200 BBLS FULL PATENT.
50 BOXES CANDY.
40 PAILS MIXED CANDY.
10 BBLS STICK CANDY.
200 BOXES FRESH CAKES.
100 CASES STAR LYE.
100 CASES TOMSON LYE.
200 CASES MENDLESON LYE.

WESCOTT & STONE, Wholesale Grocers.

aug 13 tf

THE

Clyde Steamship Co.

NEW YORK,

AND

GEORGETOWN, S. C.

Lines.

New York for Wilmington.

NEW YORK, passengers,....Saturday, Aug. 5
ONEIDA.....Saturday, Aug. 12

Wilmington for New York.

ONEIDA.....Saturday, Aug. 5
NEW YORK, passengers,....Saturday, Aug. 12

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

ONEIDA.....Tuesday, Aug. 1
NEW YORK.....Tuesday, Aug. 8

Steamer Oneida does not carry passengers.

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.,
Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green N. Y. aug 1 tf

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ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect July 31, 1899.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND

DAILY 9.45 A. M. — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.19 A. M., Warsaw 11.35 A. M., Goldsboro 12.20 P. M., Wilson 1.16 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.21 P. M. Weldon 4.32 P. M., Petersburg 6.21 P. M., Richmond 7.20 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.30 P. M., Baltimore 1.00 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.34 P. M., Warsaw 8.48 P. M., Goldsboro 9.45 P. M., Wilson 10.38 P. M., †Tarboro 7.04 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.38 P. M. Weldon 1.00 A. M., †Norfolk 10.25 A. M., Petersburg 2.35 A. M., Richmond 3.33 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.33 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M. New York 1.03 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonvill 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.55 P. M., Chadbourn 5.38 P. M. Marion 6.34 P. M., Florence 7.15 P. M. Sumter 8.57 P. M., Columbia 10.20 P. M., Denmark 6.12 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M. Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M. Charleston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.20 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 6.05 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.50 P. M. — No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.03 P. M., New York †9.00 P. M., Philadelphia 12.05 A. M., Baltimore 2.50 A. M. Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 10.00 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.52 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.21 P. M., Warsaw 4.19 P. M., Magnolia 4.33 P. M.

DAILY 9.40 A. M — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 19 night, New York 9.30 A. M., Philadelphia 12.09 P. M., Baltimore 3.25 P. M., Washington 5.46 P. M., Richmond 7.30 P. M., Petersburg 8.12 P. M., †Norfolk 2.00 P. M., Weldon 9.43 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.40 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.30 A. M., Goldsboro 7.01 A. M., Warsaw 7.56 A. M., Magnolia 8.09 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 1.15 P. M. — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.30 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.15 P. M. — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 A. M., Sanford 3.07 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.45 A. M., Charleston 6.33 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.17 P. M. Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.10 P. M., Florence 9.50 A. M., Marion 10.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.34 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.08 A. M

†Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Yadkin Division Main Line—Train leaves Wilmington 9.00 A. M., arrives Fayetteville 12.15 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 12.25 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M. Returning leaves Sanford 2.30 P. M., arrives Fayetteville 3.45 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 3.50 P. M., arrives Wilmington 6.50 P. M.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.15 A. M. Maxton 9.30 A. M., Red Springs 9.53 A. M., Hope Mills 10.43 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 10.52 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.40 P. M., Hope Mills 4.55 P. M., Red Springs 5.35 P. M., Maxton, 6.15 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.15 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.08 P. M., Greenville 6.37 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.59 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. m., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.10 A. M. and 2.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11.00 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.05 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.05 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 8.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 9.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 10.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M., 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.10 A. M., 4.03 P. M., Spring Hope 10.40 A. M., 4.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.55 P. M., Nashville 11.20 A. M.; 5.25 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 11.45 A. M., 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 11.40 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 A. M. and 2.50 P. M.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 10.02 A. M., arrive Latta 10.34 A. M., Dillon 10.56 A. M., Rowland 10.54 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.30 P. M., Latta 6.35 P. M., Pee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 3.00 P. M., Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Conway 7.40 P. M.; leave Conway 8.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.20 A. M.; arrive Hub 12.25 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 7.13 P. M., Manning 5.41 P. M.; arrive Lane's 6.17 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.34 A. M., Manning 9.09 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 7.30 A. M., 7.40 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 12.00 M., 5.00 P. M.; leave Georgetown 7.00 A. M.; 5.30 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.25 A. M.; 5.55 P. M Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.30 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Hartsville 9.15 P. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 2.32 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 7.55 P. M.; arrive Darlington 8.30 P. M., Bennettsville 9.17 P. M., Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.30 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.05 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.00 A. M. Bennettsville 7.00 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.00 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3.00 P. M., Cheraw 4.45 P. M., Hartsville 7.00 A. M., Darlington 6.29 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington Sunday only at 6.30 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.58 P. M., 11.14 P. M., arrive Selma 2.50 P. M. 11.57 P. M., Smithfield 3.02 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M., Fayetteville 4.25 P. M., 1.08 A. M., Rowland 6.00 P. M., returning leave Rowland 10.54 A. M., Fayetteville 12.15 P. M., 9.40 P. M., Dunn 1.04 P. M., Smithfield 1.43 P. M. Selma 1.50 P. M., 10.52 P. M., arrive Wilson 2.35 P. M., 11.31 A. M.

Manchester & Augusta R. R. trains leave Sumter 4.29 A. M., Creston 5.17 A. M., arrive Denmark 6.19 A. M. Returning, leave Denmark 4.17 P. M., Creston 5.13 P. M., Sumter 6.03 P. M. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5.45 A. M., arrives Pregnalls 6.45 A. M. Returning, leaves Pregnalls 10.00 A. M., arrives Creston 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 10.35 A. M., and arrive Lucknow 12.15 P. M. Returning, leave Lucknow 2.10 P. M., arrive Elliotts 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

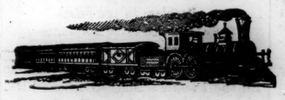
†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
jy 30 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 9.



To Take Effect Tuesday, Aug. 8, 1899, at 9 A. M.

GOING EAST. Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	3 40	Goldsboro.....	11 05	.....
.....	4 32	Kinston.....	10 12	.....
5 40	5 50	Newbern.....	8 37	9 00
7 02	7 07	Morehead City.	7 22	7 27
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 5 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

aug 6 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

Big G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A. Trade Mark. $1.00

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request

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SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR AN

Investment.

LOCATION THE MOST ELIGIBLE IN THE TRUCK REGION OF NORTH CAROLINA.

The Entire Plant of the

INDUSTRIAL MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

Wilmington, N. C.,

FOR SALE,

CONSISTING of three Brick Buildings, with all necessary adjuncts, One Hundred Horse-power Engine, Two Boilers, Shafting, Pulleys, Veneer Machinery and Butter-dish Dies, Basket and Crate Machinery and Shapes, Automatic Saw Miff, Rip Saws, Band-Saws and Cut-Off Saws. Also, a Brand new Planer, costing $900.

In fact, all necessary machinery for the successful manufacture of Sweet-gum Butter Dishes, Berry Baskets, Vegetable Crates, Barrels, and Packages of every kind. Modern Dry Kiln in connection Also, a Boston Blower.

This property has a river front and wharf of 100 feet, with railroad track running into the yard.

There is an inexhaustible supply of gum and raw materials for miles in every direction tributary to this factory, and to be had at a nominal sum. The machinery is all practically new, and the owners will either sell everything outright on easy terms or will take stock in a company for the operation of this plant. This property is valuable in many respects and is capable of being converted into almost any kind of a manufactory. Freight rates to all commercial centres of

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, AUG. 15, 1899.

THE TREASONABLE PLOT UNEARTHED IN PARIS.

M. Guerin, the League President, Still Besieged—Slight Demonstrations—The Cause of Saturday's Arrests.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PARIS, August 14.—The office of the anti-Semite League, in which MM. Guerin, president of the league, and Max Regis, the noted Jew baiter and ex-mayor of Algiers, sought refuge from arrest Saturday, were still besieged to day. They were guarded throughout the night by a force of police armed with revolvers.

M. Guerin, his friends declared, would fire on the troops if attacked. After attempting to gain the besiegers over to their side, the besieged men threatened to pour boiling oil upon those outside.

This afternoon a warrant was issued for the arrest of Guerin. According to a French statute his effort to evade arrest for a political crime was punishable with penal servitude.

Slight demonstrations occurred here this evening, but there was no disorder.

With reference to the report that the attack upon M. Labori covered an attempt to steal documents, it is said that the last anonymous letter he received contained the following sentence: "We are going to burn your box and your Dreyfus dossier."

The immediate cause of Saturday's arrests was a police discovery of treasonable correspondence in France and Belgium, revealing an intention to call a great meeting of Royalists, Nationalists and anti-Semites to plan measures for the overthrow of the republic.

The idea was to create disturbances that would necessitate calling out the troops who would have fraternized—so the scheme contemplated—with the conspirators. Then rushes were to be made on the Elysee palace and the government offices. Finally, a minister of war, named by the Duke of Orleans, was to have replaced Marquis de Gallifet.

It is impossible to verify these details, but it is believed that matters were on the eve of becomnig serious and that the attempt upon the life of Labori was connected with the plot.

HOBSON MAKES REPORT.

As Naval Constructor in Charge of Spanish Ships Raised From Manila Harbor and Undergoing Repairs.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 14.—Naval Constructor Richmond Pearson Hobson was heard from by the Navy Department to-day for the first time at any length since he was assigned to duty in charge of the Spanish ships raised from Manila harbor and now undergoing repairs at Hong Kong.

His report is unusually interesting, dealing with general questions, such as the need of a dock yard in the Orient, the increased shipping at Manila, and the prospect that Manila will succeed Hong Kong as the emporium of the East, the value of Chinese labor in the different branches of industry, etc. He, also, says that the three Spanish ships when completed will be worth to the government about $610,000, and he contemplates trying to raise three more Spanish vessels now at the bottom of Manila bay. The letter is addressed to Rear Admiral Hichborn, chief of the bureau of construction, and is dated at Hong Kong, July 17th. He says, in part:

"The three vessels under reconstruction, the Isla de Cuba, Isla de Luzon and Don Juan de Austrias, are in about equal stages of completion, which I estimate to be about eighty per cent., compared with the vessels fitted out ready for sea. I estimate that the time of completion will be about six weeks after the arrival of armament and electric plant.

"I estimate the value of those vessels, when completed, exclusively of armament, to be about as follows: Isla de Cuba, $215,000; Isla de Luzon, $215,000; Don Juan de Austrias, $180,000 Total estimated value of all three vessels, $610,000."

He then shows that the raising and refitting has cost about $306,000, making a net gain to the government on the three vessels of $306,000. He gives the credit of this result to Naval Constructor Capps, who made the contracts.

FLORIDA STORM SUFFERERS.

Citizens of Carrabelle Appeal for Aid. Need Food and Clothing.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CARRABELLE, FLA., August. 14—The citizens of this place have issued the following appeal:

"To the Public—At a mass meeting of citizens the following resolution was adopted:

"On the first instant our town was visited by the severest storm within its history. Every house in the town was wrecked and most of them totally. The majority of the people are without houses, food and clothing, and we appeal for immediate aid. All contributions to be sent to the chairman of the relief committee.

(Signed) "T. S. ANDERSON, M. D.,
"Agent State Board of Health."

ATLANTA'S MAYOR.

Pledged Not to Take Another Drink During His Term of Office.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, August 14.—Mayor Jas. G. Woodward, against whom impeachment proceedings have been contemplated for some time by the city council, and whose resignation has been asked for by that body, made a solemn promise to the councilmen and aldermen this afternoon that he would not take another drink during his term. He further stated that he would cease his indiscretions, and if he did not sustain his promises that he would resign. Acting upon these avowals, the city council has dismissed the committee appointed to investigate the Mayor's conduct and all differences between them have been righted."

The Navy Department has been greatly relieved by a dispatch from Captain Longnecker, commanding the New Orleans, now at San Domingo City. He says all is well with both the New Orleans and Machias. He also states that quiet prevails in San Domingo.

TO CLEANSE THE SYSTEM

Effectually, yet gently, when costive or bilious; to permanently overcome habitual constipation; to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them; to dispel headaches, colds or fevers, use Syrup of Figs, made by the California Fig Syrup Co.

VILE WORK OF AN ASSASSIN.

One of Dreyfus' Counsel Shot From Ambush While On His Way to Court.

CAUSED GREAT EXCITEMENT.

M. Labori the Victim—He May Recover. His Assailant Escaped—Proceedings of Court Martial—Mercier and Casimir-Perier Testify.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

RENNES, August 14.—Another tragedy marked the rise of the curtain on the Dreyfus drama this morning. M. Labori, counsel for the accused, and the man on whom the defence had relied for the demolition of General Mercier's testimony, was shot from ambush on his way to the court soon after 6 o'clock.

His assailants, of whom there were two, escaped, and it is impossible yet to say whether M. Labori's name will have to be added to the list of strange deaths that already punctuate this mysterious romance.

It was announced about the close of court to-day that M. Labori might live. The wound, in the lower part of the back, is serious, however, and even should he recover, he may be partially paralized.

Madame Labori, his wife, is with him constantly, although almost prostrated by the shock. The stalwart counsellor has borne his intense suffering manfully. His first word after being shot was to send a message to suspend the sitting of the court.

Intense Excitement Caused.

The excitement caused at the Lycee was intense, as might be well imagined under the intense strain of factional hatred, and it was necessary at one time for the gendarmes to interpose between the excited spectators who precipitated a fight in the court room.

The attack on Dreyfus through the person of his most effective counsellor was wholly unexpected, as was shown by the lack of precautions against it. How seriously it may affect the prisoner's chance before the court is yet doubtful, but it is sure to renew the high tension between the opposing factions, both at Rennes and Paris. What added factor of sympathy it may arouse for the defence is also uncertain, but so deep is the hatred on both sides that the factions will be prone to weigh the means by which their ends are attained.

M. Labori and his wife left his house for the court at 6 o'clock this morning. His residence is situated in the suburbs of the town, about a quarter of an hour's walk from the Lycee, the route being along a solitary road beside the river Vilaine.

The Assassins Escaped.

Just before the outrage his wife turned back, having forgot her card of admission to the court. While she was gone M. Labori met Col. Picquart and M. Gast. Immediately afterward, while passing a narrow lane, two men sprang from behind the hedge and one, placing a pistol to his victim's back, fired, and then turned and fled down the lane and across the fields. The murderer, (or murderers, for accounts differ as to whether there was one or two), was pursued by Gast and Col. Picquart. They are both too old and heavy to overtake him and soon returned, leaving the chase to the crowd that had been attracted.

His wife arrived while M. Labori was lying on the ground and Col. Picquart and M. Gast were pursuing the murderer. M. Labori said to his wife: "Go to court and ask to suspend the sitting."

Madame Labori ran into the court, gave the news that her husband had been shot and ran back to him. She sat down on the ground beside her husband and took his head in her lap.

An ambulance which had been summoned, arrived with four attendants of the military hospital, bearing an ordinary stretcher and mattress. On this M. Labori was tenderly laid and the stretcher was borne by friends of M. Labori and some newspaper men, with Madame Labori walking beside it.

Search for the Assailant.

A force of gendarmes, headed by M. Hennion, sub-chief of the secret police, is scouring the country in search of M. Labori's assailant and a company of infantry has been dispatched to surround and beat the woods where in the man is supposed to be hiding.

An incredible side of the outrage is the fact, it is asserted, that several passers-by saw M. Labori shot, and passed on indifferently, neither offering to help the victim nor joining in the pursuit of the assassin. Still more incredible is the fact that an individual who went to the side of M. Labori, as he lay wounded on the ground, is said to have searched the pockets of the suffering man on the pretext of ascertaining his identity, and stole their contents.

The assailant fled after the shooting, holding his revolver in his hand, with his finger on the trigger, and threatened several men who showed a disposition to block his way.

The Wounded Man.

The correspondent of the Associated Press at 10.45 this morning, saw one of the doctors at M. Labori's house, which was guarded by four gendarmes. The doctor said that M. Labori was bearing the agony he was suffering with marvellous fortitude. He added: "We have strong hopes that he will pull through. It will be forty-eight hours, however, before we can speak with certainty of his condition. We have to thank the military surgeon for the prompt attention given to the sufferer. But a deplorable length of time elapsed before the ambulance arrived. M. Labori lay on the ground half an hour, with the sky menacing a storm, which came within a few minutes after he reached home."

The Court Martial.

The shooting of Labori, leading counsel for Captain Alfred Dreyfus, robbed the morning session of the Dreyfus court martial of its paramount interest.

The murderer apparently chose today for the attempt because it was anticipated that M. Labori would crush General Mercier, the former minister of war, when he cross-questioned him. The news of the shooting of M. Labori caused an immense sensation in the court room, where the usual audience had assembled, awaiting the entrance of the judges.

M. Labori's absence had just been announced when suddenly M. Jaunay, syndic of the judiciary press, rushed into the room and shouted: "M. Labori has been shot." All present gave a gasp of horror and surprise and then every man jumped to his feet and a volley of questions was hurled at his head, who crying, "That is all I know," rushed out of court again, followed by a number of his hearers. Those who remained excitedly discussed the crime and vigorously denounced the authors.

Colonel Jouaust, president of the court, when the news reached him, suspended the sitting of the court martial until 7.15 A. M.

Mercier's Exaggerations.

When the court martial was resumed General Mercier was confronted with M. Casimir-Perier, the former president of France. The latter declared that Mercier's story, told on the witness stand Saturday, of the imminence of war between Germany and France in 1894, was grossly exaggerated, and complained of the action of the then minister of war, Mercier, in leaving 60,000 troops on the frontier without consulting him.

As it was M. Labori's task to take General Mercier in hand, M. Demange, associate counsel, was quite unprepared for the task. The few questions the latter put were practically of little effect and General Mercier escaped cheaply. Moreover, M. Demange was deeply affected by the attempt to assassinate his colleague and was quite unable to do himself justice.

When General Mercier was recalled independently by the president of the court, he reiterated his belief that Major Count Esterhazy, in spite of the latter's own declaration, was not the author of the bordereau, which witness claimed was written on tracing paper and was found in an embassy.

Casimir-Perier Explains.

The president asked M. Casimir-Perier to explain the circumstances of the confession Dreyfus is alleged to have made to Captain Lebrun Renault. M Casimir-Perier persisted in his statement of Saturday that he had never received any confidences of this character from Captain Lebrun-Renault.

M. Casimir-Perier resuming his testimony said he did not desire to reply to certain of General Mercier's insinuations. "I do not wish to answer them" said the former president. "The circumstances are too sad and too tragic for me to desire to envenom the discussion. I am master of myself and of my conscience. I would only state that General Mercier has made every effort to mix me as deeply as possible in this affair, but I have remained aloof, I affirm, during the progress of the investigation."

The former president then complained of the incorrect behavior of his subordinate toward the chief of the state.

M. Demange asked M. Casimir-Perier if, on the sixth, an understanding had not been reached between France and Germany on the subject of Dreyfus.

M. Casimir-Perier replied on that his interview with the Minister on the 6th, the question of Dreyfus had never been raised between them and Germany.

The General replied that he considered these explanations were given for his personal use, and that was why he had destroyed the document. At this M. Demange expressed a sense of astonishment and asked General Mercier if he did not have reasons for suppressing the document. The witness repudiated the assertion.

Dreyfus' Denial.

Dreyfus, at this point, rose from his seat and asked leave to explain in regard to the assertion that he had traced on a card the itinerary of a certain journey of the general staff. Both the itinerary and journey, he asserted, were purely fictitious.

General Billot, former minister of war, was the next witness. He was in uniform, sat with crossed legs and gave his evidence in a conversational manner. He said he would be 71 years old to-morrow. Like everybody else, he added, he had some knowledge of the Dreyfus affair before taking the war portfolio. While feeling deeply on the subject he remained aloof from the matter until he returned to the cabinet. He had the subject investigated by M. Scheurrer Kestner, one of the vice presidents of the Senate, who became convinced of the innocence of Dreyfus. General Billot was not convinced by this evidence, however.

The General dwelt upon the role of Colonel Picquart, whom, he said, he holds in the highest esteem.

After this Billot referred to Colonel Picquart's proposition to entrap Esterhazy, whom he suspected, but General Billot forbade this. He added that Colonel Picquart always acted with authorization.

The General justified his treatment of Colonel Picquart whom he had sent on a delicate and dangerous mission to the far East. He said this was not done in hopes that Picquart would never return, but to give him a chance by his heroism to atone for previous indiscretions.

General Billot admitted that at times he had entertained strong doubt of Dreyfus guilt, but declared that the proofs of his innocence had never been conclusive. As minister of war, his first duty, he said, had been to protect the country from treason.

M. Caivaignic, former minister of war, was the next witness. He said among the principal points upon which he based his convictions was the confession to Captain Lebrun-Renault, in support of which contention he quoted a passage from an alleged letter of Dreyfus', but which in reality was a part of General Gonz's report to the minister of war on Col. Dupuy de Clam's report of the alleged confession. The witness also said he found additional proofs of the prisoner's guilt in the technical character of the bordereau and thought the bordereau alone established the fact that treason had emanated from the bureau of the general staff and from an officer who was able to secure all the information desired. He maintained that Dreyfus was the man.

It is impossible according to Cavaignac to credit that Esterhazy was a traitor, even admitting the bordereau was written by him.

The inquiry of the Court of Cassation proved that treason was really committed, and he, M. Cavaignac, had not based his conviction of the culpability of Dreyfus solely on the handwriting of the bordereau.

TO COLONIZE NEGROES.

E. J. Young's Plan for Solving the Race Problem in the South.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., August 14.—E. J. Young, colored, general secretary for the People's Benevolent and Relief Association, of North Carolina, with headquarters at Charlotte, has a practical plan for solving the race problem. He proposes to organize a colonization society in North Carolina. The society proposes to buy up waste lands where it can be secured in large tracts, far away from any railroad, and to divide this land into ten-acre and twenty-acre farms, and settle families there where they may thrive by honest toil. He desires that the race follow more generally agricultural pursuits, that the idle of the race may be put to work, believing that putting men to work will leave no time for crime.

DEWEY AT LEGHORN.

The Admiral Ill With Fever—Captain of the Olympia Received Visitors.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LEGHORN, ITALY, August 14.—Admiral Dewey to-day remained on board his flagship, the United States cruiser Olympia, which arrived here at noon yesterday from Naples, being ill with fever. The captain of the vessel received the visits of officials and others in his place.

The newspapers of this place have published biographies of the "victor of Cavite."

MOVING UP THE ATLANTIC COAST.

The West Indian Hurricane Has Apparently Modified in Intensity.

OFF CHARLESTON LAST NIGHT

The Wind Velocity Forty Miles An Hour. Raining Heavily—Storm Signals Extended North to Atlantic City. Heavy Blow at Savannah.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, S. C., August 14.—High winds and heavy rains have prevailed here to-day and to-night. The wind has not reached a greater velocity than forty miles per hour. At 11 o'clock to-night it is raining hard and the wind is coming in fearful gusts.

It is expected to increase materially in force towards morning, but no uneasiness is felt by the weather people. There has been much concern felt by the people of the city during the day, but it is now believed that Charleston will escape damage from the West Indian hurricane. Indications are that the storm will pass the city about one hundred miles at sea.

WASHINGTON, August 14.—The West Indian hurricane, which almost for a week has been raging in the West Indies, has modified in intensity and is now designated as a tropical storm. It appears to be moving up the Atlantic coast, and the Weather Bureau has directed that storm signals be extended north to Atlantic City, where by to-morrow morning the winds may reach 30 miles an hour. To-day at Savannah it blew at the rate of forty four, and Charleston forty miles, while in Florida, over which the disturbance is slowly passing, the wind ranged below twenty-five miles. The storm is central to-night near the Georgia coast and may pass out to sea; but the officials of the bureau think it will continue up the coast, going perhaps to New York and beyond.

TRANSVAAL SITUATION.

Boers Convinced That There is Nothing Now But Abitrament of Arms.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

JOHANNESBURG, August 14.—The *Standard and Diggers News* to-day, says:

"The Boers are convinced that there is nothing for it now but the arbitrament of arms."

All sorts of warlike rumors are in circulation. It is alleged that the field cornets have received orders to supply all unarmed burghers with rifles, gratuitously, and to substitute Mausers for Martini-Henrys wherever the latter are still in use.

DOMINICAN REVOLUTION.

Reports of a Decisive Victory of Jiminez's Forces Near Monte Christi.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, August 14.—Gen. Juan Isidro Jiminez, the aspirant to the presidency of the republic of Santo Domingo, has received, it is reported, news of a decisive victory of the revolutionists near Monte Christi, which place is now besieged. The garrison there may offer some resistance, as the governor last year shot six adherents of Jiminez after the revolution that failed.

BASE BALL BULLETIN.

Scores of the Games Played by the Clubs Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—St. Louis-Washington game postponed; wet grounds.

Pittsburg-Baltimore game postponed; rain.

Cincinnati, 3; Boston, 8.
Brooklyn, 4; Louisville, 2.
Philadelphia, 6; Chicago, 3.

WARM WIRELETS.

The cigar manufacturers' lockout at Tampa, Fla., was declared off yesterday and all the factories are open at day work.

There were twenty-three deaths from the plague during the past week and twenty-five new cases reported at Hong Kong.

The yellow fever situation continues to improve. No deaths and no new cases is the report again from the Soldiers' Home, near Hampton, Va.

Although it has not been definitely decided to call out more volunteers, there is every indication that such a course is likely.

The Columbia added another victory to her already splendid record yesterday by defeating Defender thirteen minutes and seven seconds over a 38-mile course.

Mrs. Stonewall Jackson, who has been at Buffalo Lithia Springs, has gone to Richmond, Va., and thence will go to a sanitarium for treatment of inflammation of the orbital nerve.

A fire which started about noon yesterday destroyed a large part of the business section of Borea, a village near Cleveland, Ohio. Twenty-one business places were burned. The loss will be about $100,000 with no insurance.

New England parties have purchased land and water power in Saint Clair county, Ala., on which to erect one of the largest cotton factories in the South. They propose to begin work in thirty days and expend over a million dollars on the plant.

The hotel at Tucsons Springs, Cal., destroyed by fire. One life was lost and the financial loss will be in the neighborhood of $40,000. Over 100 guests besides the employes in the house, escaped with only their night clothes.

The suspicious disease which broke out at Oporto, Portugal, recently, has become epidemic. Its symptons are identical with those of the bubonic plague. The doctors disagree as to its precise character, but admit that it must be allied to the dread Eastern malady.

In East Middlebury, Vt., last night, a man named Eastwood went to the house of his mother-in-law and shot his wife and her mother, killing both. He then drove to Middlebury, went to to the residence of Frank Fenn, shot him through the heart, killing him instantly, and then shot at Fenn's wife and just missed her. Eastwood then escaped.

Persons wishing to locate in the truck region of North Carolina should correspond with the East Carolina Real Estate Agency, Burgaw, N. C. Read advertisement in the STAR. †

RALEIGH NEWS AND GOSSIP.

New Railroad Project—The University. State Arsenal—Penitentiary Bonds. Southern Pines Sanitarium.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., August 14.

A company has been formed here, headed by Col. Julian S. Carr and E. B. Barbee, for the purpose of building a railroad to Wakefield, twenty miles northeast of this city, and later on to Springhope, in Nash county, where it will connect with the Atlantic Coast Line. This has long been a favorite project with several wealthy business men here, and the present high price of lumber makes it possible, for the road will run through the finest timber and agricultural section in this part of the State. Application has already been made for the convicts to grade the road.

University of North Carolina.

A trustee of the University gives out the information that the reasons which prevented Judge Shepherd accepting the chair of law at the University no longer exist, and that the trustees will ask him to reconsider the matter and withdraw his resignation. It is believed that he can be induced to do so.

At a meeting of the Board of Aldermen of this city in July an ordinance was passed prohibiting swinging signs across any sidewalk. This ordinance was to go into effect to-morrow (15th), but Saturday a firm here secured from Judge Timberlake an injunction against the Mayor and aldermen, restraining them from putting the ordinance in force. The matter will be argued before Judge Moore here on September 2d.

The State Arsenal.

The old State arsenal, now standing on Capitol Square, will not be moved as it stands on the lot recently purchased, as was at first intended. It will be torn down and a new building erected on the new lot.

Preparations are being made in this county for several farmers' picnics and institutes of one day each. They wi l be held at Garner, Flint and the Falls of Neuse.

Penitentiary Bonds.

On Wednesday the State Treasurer will open bids for the bonds to be sold for the purchase of the Caledonia farms for the penitentiary. They are ten-year 4 per cent. bonds, to the amount of $60,000. No bid under 104 will be considered.

Another building, the third one, is being erected for the Pickford Sanitarium for colored consumptives at Southern Pines. It will cost $1,000, and will accommodate twelve patients. It is the gift of a New England lady. The capacity of the institution will be thirty-six patients.

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency is prepared to give prompt and efficient service to all persons wishing to sell farms or town property. Address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C. †

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

For Rent—In one of the most desirable localities in the city a large dwelling containing modern improvements, fine cistern and excellent servants' rooms, laundry and all the necessary out houses. Newly painted and papered and in thorough repair. Possession given first of October. Apply at this office. au 15 1w

Wanted—Two young men, preferably with grocery experience, for two week's engagement as sample distributors in Wilmington. Boys not wanted. Apply 418 Princess street, 12 to 1 o'clock to day, or from 7 to 8 o'clock this evening. au 15 1t*

Taylor's Studio—I will open my studio in the new building, corner Front and Princess streets, about August 15, and will be glad to furnish the public with all kinds of first-class Photographs and Life Size Portraits and Frames. Very respectfully, Paul M. Taylor. jy 25 tf

Band Sawyer, Machine Men, Cabinet Makers, Varnishers and Finishers wanted. Address, The Melville Furniture Co., Mebane N. C. aug 11 1w

For Sale—A nice light Yawl, 14 feet 4 inches long, 4 feet 6 inches wide. A good row and surf boat. Jas. I. Metts. aug 8 tf

I Am Agent for the "Randolf" Buggy and also of other work. Come and see me when in need of Buggies and Harness. P. H. Hayden. aug 3 tf

Highest Cash Prices for Beeswax, Deertongue, Eggs, Chickens, Timber, etc. Number one Farm Horse for sale. T. D. Love, 24 North Water street. jy 30 tf

Large consignment Mt. Airy Apples in to-day. Choice stock for quick sale. Bananas, Oranges, Lemons and Choice Confections. Best Up-country Butter always on hand. A. S. Winstead, Second street, corner postoffice green. jy 20 tf

Photographic Notice—U. C. Ellis, Photographer, has returned and is now at his old stand, 114 Market street. jy 16 tf

City Lots For Sale—Cheap for cash, or sold on time on sufficient margin. Apply to Geo. H. Howell, Attorney at Law, room No. 5 Smith building. jy 15 1m

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 9 tf

Wanted—Peaches, Apples, Plums, Grapes and all kinds of Fruits. Also, all kinds of Produce. Good prices and prompt returns guaranteed. R. B. Moore, Commission Merchant, No. 5 Dock street. je 11 tf

Rock Salt, Hay, Grain, fresh-ground Meal, Hominy, and all kinds of mixed Feed. John S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Telephones No. 92. my 28 tf

Turpentine Still and Fixtures complete. For sale low. The Worth Co. apr 7 tf

For Sale—At Burgaw, in good order, one 15 horse-power Engine and Boiler, one 50 saw Cotton Gin, one Brooks Press. Apply to The Worth Co. fe 28 tf

Our New Quarters.

Being now comfortably fixed in our new location, No. 7 South Front street, we are prepared to do all work in our line in a satisfactory manner. Our Barber Shop is first-cass in every respect. ED. GUION,
jy 26 tf CORNELIUS DAVIS.

Mrs. W. E. Mayo has opened the New Ocean View Hotel

FOR THE SEASON. Meals served promptly at all hours. Every accommodation for comfort of guests. Charges reasonable. Special rates for families.
je 28 tf

OLD NEWSPAPERS.

You Can Buy Old Newspapers in Quantities to Suit, at the STAR OFFICE

Suitable for Wrapping Paper and Excellent for Placing Under Carpet
no 24 tf

ROBERTS'

CURES CHILLS — TASTELESS — CURES LA GRIPPE

CHILL TONIC

NO CURE — 25¢ — NO PAY

LOOK FOR THE RED CROSS. NONE GENUINE WITHOUT IT.

CURES CHILLS AND FEVERS

IS A SYSTEM BUILDER, GIVES APPETITE & CORRECTS THE LIVER.

ROBERTS' TASTELESS CHILL TONIC is sold Strictly on its Merits. It is the best Chill Tonic at the smallest price, and your money refunded if it fails to cure you.

ROBERT R. BELLAMY,
mar 24 1y Wholesale and Retail Druggist.

BLOOD TELLS.

Yes, it is the index to health. If you have bad blood you are likely to learn that you have Rheumatism, one of the most horrible diseases to which mankind is heir. If this disease has just begun its work, or if you have been afflicted for years, you should at once take the wonderful new cure,

RHEUMACIDE.

Thousands have been cured. The Summer season is the best time to take a rheumatic remedy. Nature will then aid the medicine in effecting a permanent, constitutional cure. People with bad blood are subject to catarrh, indigestion, and many other diseases. To be healthy the blood must be pure. RHEUMACIDE is the Prince of blood purifiers.

Sold by Druggists. Price $1.

At Wholesale and Retail in Wilmington by R. R. BELLAMY.
je 25 1y tu th sa

PORK, PORK.

200 bbls Reg. Mess Pork
100,000 lbs Rib Sides.
500 bbls Molasses.
200 bbls Sugar.
300 bags Coffee.
2,000 Machine Spirit Casks
4,000 bushels Corn.
1,000 bushels Meal.

Also, Salt, Rice, Tobacco, Drugs and other goods.

D. L. GORE,
aug 11 tf 120, 122 and 124 North Water street.

At The Unlucky.

SPEAKING of Tea.

I am selling a blended Tea for that beats the world and cannot be replaced for 40c. **35c**

Try it.

Don't you love Stuffed Mango Pickles? We have them, and my, don't they taste good. A rasher of Bacon, cut from one of our delicious "Harvey" Strips, will make your mouth water. So crisp and delicate. My 'Phones are 109.

S. W. SANDERS.
jy 18 tf

BATHING CAPS.

Fresh Stock.

JAS. D. NUTT,
Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist.
je 20 tf Wilmington, N. C

NEW MULLETS.

2000 pounds New Mullets.
1500 bushels N. C. R. P. Oats.
110 Picnic Cheese.
1400 bushels Va. Meal.
1200 bushels Prime Corn.
1000 bushels Peanuts.
150 cases Oysters.
175 cases Sardines.
123 boxes Candy.
73 pails Fancy Candy.
28 cases Potted Ham.
120 boxes Meat.

W. B. COOPER,
aug 11 tf Wholesale Grocer, Wilmington, N. C.

We Offer

Bagging and Ties, Groceries and Provisions

TO THE TRADE

AT CLOSE FIGURES.

Correspondence invited.

HALL & PEARSALL,
jy 27 tf WHOLESALE GROCERS, Nutt and Mulberry streets

WANTED.

5000 pounds Wool.
5000 pounds Beeswax.

HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID.

Have some rare bargains in Fire Proof Safes.

SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.,
my 13 tf 12 Market street, Wilmington, N. C

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR **HOME BEER.**

Pure and Mild. Ask for Wiener Export and take no other. Best in town.

Home Brewing Co.,
RICHMOND, VA.
Wilmington Branch,
DAVID CONNELL,
Manager.
jy 9 tf 114 North Water street

NEW CARPETS

THEY ARE ARRIVING, MANY HAVE COME IN, AND OTHERS TO FOLLOW.

OUR BUYER having visited the markets early, has shown exceptionally good taste in CAREFULLY SKIMMING and accepting none but the Pure and Unadulterated Cream.

AXMINSTERS, - VELVETS, - TAPESTERIS,

EXTRA SUPERS and AXMINSTER ART SQUARES. THE ART SQUARES

Are something very artistic in design and made of best goods, and are well worthy of your consideration. The Carpets are most exquisite in effects, and those who have homes to furnish will make a mistake by not seeing them before making their purchase.

An invitation is extended to all, to call and inspect the stock.

The best work guaranteed and promptness is a characteristic of the house.

Yours, truly,

A. D. BROWN,
aug 6 tf Agent for "Her Majesty's" Corsets and Butterick's Patterns.

We are Always Ready To Wait on You.

We have a force of 18 clerks in our store that have plenty of experience in their respective departments.

We do the Millinery business of the State. Through the dull season we have five ladies and in the busy season we have nine ladies.

We are selling a good many new and pretty between-season Hats. The new Cow Boy gray, navy and black Hats are the newest rage, and we keep them from $1.00 to $2.50.

We have a new lot of Eagle Quills at 10 and 25c

We have four dozen Knox white Sailors, best silk bound fine large straw Hats in white and black, at 50c

We have fifteen dozen very fine silk bound rough straw Sailors in blue and brown, at 25c, worth 50c.

We have all grades of new Buckles and Belts, Ribbon, Beauty Pins and Waist Sets.

We have just received a very fine line of Ladies' and Gent's Neckwear. Also, Boys' and Girls' Ties. Look at our Neckwear. Come and see the most complete assortment of beautiful Ties for 25c ever shown in the city.

We have just received our second lot of Mosquito Canopies, which we sell at $1.15. Sand Fly Canopies at $1.50.

We have just bought a lot of fine all wool Dress Suiting for Ladies' Suits, strictly all wool, pretty patterns and nobby goods: would be cheap at 50c, now we can offer these new goods at 33c.

We have five pieces of new Plaid Silk, bright showy goods we bought in broken bolts, worth 50c, we can offer at 33c.

We have the finest Wool Crepon in black and shaded colors, something altogether new, 36 inches wide at 50c.

We have a lot of fine Silk and Linen Linings, 36 inches wide, the nicest Jacket Lining in the city, color red and black shaded, looks like silk and has the strength of linen, at 50c per yard.

We have 500 trunks, and sell them at factory list prices. You can buy a Trunk from us at the same price you could order of the factory. We get a special cash discount by ordering by car load lots. If you need a fine Trunk, Leather Grip or Suit Case look at my line. We have all styles from 25c to $12.00 each.

We have all grades of Window Shades from 10c to 50c, spring rollers and fixtures complete.

Come and bring your card and get it punched with every cash purchase at

Wilmington's Big Racket Store, and get a useful present FREE of cost to you.

GEO. O. GAYLORD, Prop.

Opposite The Orton house on Front street, near the postoffice. Headquarters for Bargains.
aug 12 tf

NOW'S THE TIME.

The balance of our stock of Suitings and Trouserings AT COST. OUR $1 25 Negligee Shirts at

$1.00

this week. They are handsome and will catch your eye. Come in and look them over. All other Goods accordingly. SAVE MONEy by buying of us. Prices "CUT NO FIGURE" this season of the year.

M. H. CURRAN,
aug 6 tf 107 PRINCESS STREET.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.,

NO. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET.

Having just finished taking our annual inventory, we find too much stock in some Departments and in others we have only Odds and Ends. So offer during this month

BARGAINS IN ALL OUR DEPARTMENTS.

Special Inducements are offered you in the Carpet Department for the next two weeks, before the arrival of our new stock, which we expect August 15th.

Our Window Shade Department is now complete.

See us this Fall before you buy your Window Shades We are Sole Agents for W. B. Corsets and Standard Patterns. September Designer now on sale.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.
aug 6 tf

SHOES, SHOES.

GOOD SHOES, NEW SHOES, CHEAP SHOES, NICE SHOES.

For the Low Price on them, just cast your eye in the Show Window at No. 109 Market street, and you will see the nicest and prettiest line of brand new up-to-date Shoes in the city. These Shoes were bought cheap for the hard cash down. That places us in a position to sell our customers a good Shoe for a remarkable low price. We want to build up a good trade in the Shoe business, therefore we will sell Shoes very cheap.

REMEMBER our terms are strictly cash. DON'T FORGET THE PLACE,

H. VohGlahn's old stand, 109 Market street. We have 500 pairs of Ladies' Shoes to close out at 75c a pair. 200 pairs Men's Shoes to close out at 90c, at

GEO. O. GAYLORD'S
aug 13 tf NEW SHOE STORE.

DROP A COIN

Into a blind man's hat—then THINK. Sight is the most inestimable of all blessings; blindness the most woeful of all afflictions. This being so, you will readily concede the great importance of your eyes as a part of your animal organism. A momentary realization of your helplessness without them will aid you to a just appreciation of their worth. Specacles made to protect and preserve the sight is what we offer you Our examinations leave no defect uncorrected—that insures you absolute SAFETY.

DINGELHOEF BROS., OCULO OPTICIANS,
PARLOR NO: 123. MARKET STREET.
aug 13 tf